





Memorandum

&

Articles of association

of

The Jammu & Kashmir Bank Ltd.



Certificate of Incorporation

No. 46 OF 1994 - 1995

I hereby rectify that the Jammu and Kashmix Bank,

Limited is this day incorporated under the Jammu and

Kashmir Companies Regulations No.XI of 1977, and

that the Company is a public Limited.

	Given und	er my hand at _	Srinagar	
this	first	day of	October	
one th	ousand nine l	nundred and thi	rtyeight	

Registrar of Joint Stock Companies

Certificate of Commencement of Business



Pursuant to section 103 (2) of the Jammu and Kashmir Companies Regulation No: XI of 1977.

Limited	1 ner	eby cert	tyy that t	ne Jammu	and Kashm	ir Bank,
which	was ir	corpora	ited und	er the	J&K Cor	npanies
Regula	tions N	o.XI of	1977 on t	he	1°t	_day of
October	1938 ar	d which	has this	day file	ed a duly	verified
declara	ation in	the pre	scribed f	form th	at the cor	nditions
of sect	ion 103	(I) (a)	to (d) of	the sai	id Act ha	ve been
compli	ed with	, is entit	led to co	mmence	e busines	š.
	Give	n under	my hand	l at	Srinagar	this
4 th d	ay of _	July	one thor	usand n	ine hund	red and
thirty-	nine					

Registrar of Joint Stock Companies

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MEMORANDUM OF ASSOCIATION OF THE JAMMU AND KASHMIR BANK LIMITED

- I. The name of the Company is the Jammu and Kashmir Bank Ltd.
- II. The Registered Office of the Company will be situated at Srinagar.
- III. The objects for which the Company is established are:
 - a) to establish and carry on the business of a banking Company whereof the Head Office shall be in Srinagar and a Branch in Jammu and such other Branches or Agencies in India and abroad as may from time to time be determined by the Directors;
 - the borrowing, raising, or taking up of money; the lending or advancing of money either upon or without security; the drawing, making, accepting, discounting, buying, selling, collecting and dealing in bills of exchange, hoondees, promissory notes, coupons, drafts, bills of lading, railway receipts, warrants, debentures, certificates, scrips and other instruments and securities whether transferable or negotiable or not; the granting and issuing of letters of credit, traveller's cheques and circular notes; the buying, selling and dealing in bullion and specie; the buying and selling of foreign exchange including foreign bank notes; the acquiring, holding, issuing, on commission, underwriting and dealing in stock, funds, shares, debentures, debenture stock, bonds, obligations, securities and investments of all kinds; the purchasing and selling of bonds scrips or other forms of securities; on behalf of constituents or others; the negotiating of loans and advances; the receiving of all kinds of bonds, scrips or valuables on deposit, or for safe custody or otherwise, the collecting and transmitting of money and securities;
 - c) acting as agents for Governments or local authorities or any other person or persons; the carrying on of agency business of any description excluding the business of a managing agent, but including the power to act as attorneys and to give discharges and receipts;
 - contracting for public and private loans and negotiating and issuing the same;
 - e) the promoting, effecting, insuring, guaranteeing, underwriting, participating in managing and carrying out of any issue, public or private, of State, Municipal or other loans or of shares, stock, debentures, or debenture stock of any Company, corporation or association and the lending of money for the purpose of any such issue;
 - f) carrying on and transacting every kind of guarantee and indemnity business;
 - g) promoting or financing or assisting in promoting or financing any business undertaking or industry, either existing or new and developing or forming the same either through the instrumentality of syndicates or otherwise;
 - h) acquisition by purchase, lease, exchange, hire or otherwise of any property immovable or movable and any rights or privileges which the Company may
 - think necessary or convenient to acquire or the acquisition of which in the opinion of the Company is likely to facilitate the realisation of any securities held by the Company or to prevent or diminish any apprehended loss or liability;
 - i) managing, selling and realising all property movable and immovable which may come into the possession of the Company in satisfaction or part satisfaction of any of its claims;
 - j) acquiring and holding and generally dealing with any property and any right, title or interest in any property movable or immovable which may form the security or part of the security for any loans or advance or which may be connected with any such security;
 - k) undertaking and executing trusts;
 - undertaking the administration of estates as executor, trustee or otherwise;
 - m) taking or otherwise, acquiring and holding shares in any other Company having objects similar to those of the Company;

- n) establishing and supporting or aiding in the establishment and support of associations, institutions, funds, trusts and conveniences calculated to benefit employees or ex-employees of the Company or the dependants or connections of such persons; granting pensions and allowances and making payments towards insurance; subscribing to or guaranteeing moneys for charitable or benevolent objects or for any exhibition or for any public, general or useful object;
- o) the acquisition, construction, maintenance and alteration of any building or works necessary or convenient for the purposes of the Company;
- selling, improving, managing, developing, exchanging, leasing, mortgaging, disposing of or turning into account or otherwise dealing with all or any part of the property and rights of the Company;
- q) acquiring and undertaking the whole or any part of the business of any person or Company; when such business is of a nature enumerated or described in this section;
- to enter into any arrangement or agreement with His Highness' Government Jammu and Kashmir;
 - to act as Bankers for and to pay, receive, collect and remit money, bullion and securities, on behalf of the said Government.
 - 2. to undertake and transact any other business having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the Company which the said Government may from time to time entrust to the Bank including the making of loans to Co-operative credit Banks or for agricultural and industrial purposes.
 - 3. to obtain from the said Government all rights concessions and privileges that may seem to the Bank's objects or any of them.
 - 4. to arrange and settle with the said Government the terms and conditions on which such business shall be undertaken by the Bank.
- s) to act as agents for the sale and purchase of stocks, shares, debentures, securities, bullion or specie, or for any other monetary transactions.
- t) to enter into partnership or into any arrangement for sharing profits, union of interest, cooperation, joint venture, reciprocal concession or otherwise with any person or Company carrying on or engaged in any business or transaction which the Company is authorised to carry on or engage in.
- to take or concur in taking all such steps and proceedings as may seem best calculated to uphold and support the credit of the Company and to obtain and justify public confidence and to avert and or minimise financial disturbance which affect the Company.
- v) to establish and carry on the business (amongst others) of a Savings Bank.
- to sponsor, promote, establish, incorporate, float and manage Mutual Funds Investment Trusts Companies, Asset Management Companies, Insurance Companies, Housing Development and Finance Companies, Infrastructure Company or Companies undertaking Venture Capital Funds, or Credit Rating Services, Property Development, Merchant Banking, Stock Holding or Custodial Services and Other Financial and Consultancy Services.
- wii) to provide Custodial and Depository Services and to do all such things as may be advised, permitted or required for this purpose.
- to donate, contribute, subscribe, promote, support or aid or otherwise assist or grant money to charitable, benevolent, religious, scientific, national public or other institutions, Funds, Trusts, exhibitions, or for any public, general or other objects for discharging what is considered to be social & moral responsibilities of the Company to the public or any section of the public.
- any other form of business which the Government of India or Reserve Bank of India may specify as form of business in which it is lawful for the banking Company to engage.

- To sponsor, promote, solicit, establish, procure and carry on the Insurance business and to do all such things as may be advised, permitted or required for this purpose.
- to do all or any of the above things in any part of the world and as principals, agents, contractors, trustees or otherwise and by or through trustees, agents or otherwise and either alone or in conjunction with others.
- to procure the Company to be registered or recognised in any British or foreign country or place and establish and maintain local registries, agencies and branch places of business in any parts of the world.
- to abandon any one of the above mentioned objects without reference to others and to do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects.

And it is hereby declared that in the interpretation of this clause the meaning of the Company's objects shall not be restricted by a reference to any other object or by the juxtaposition of two or more objects and that in the event of any ambiguity the clause shall be considered in such a way as to widen and not to restrict the powers of the Company.

- IV. The liability of the members is limited.
- V^{vi} . The capital of the Company is Rs. 1,85,00,00,000/- (One Hundred and Eighty Five Crores) ix θ divided into 1,85,00,00,000 ix θ x equity shares of Rs. 1/- ieach.

We, the several persons whose names and addresses are subscribed, are desirous of being formed into a Company in pursuance of this Memorandum of Association and we respectively agree to take the number of Shares in the capital of the Company set opposite our respective names.

Name of subscribers	Address and Description	Number of Share taken	Witness
1. Bishandas	Major-General Rai Bahadur, Dewan, Srinagar	200	
2. Tej Ram	General Treasurer, His Highness' Govt., Srinagar	100	
3. Abdul Hamid	Advocate, State Councillor, Jammu	200	Sohanlal Kothari
4. Chandrajoo	Advocate, Srinagar	200	Organiser
5. B.N. Pestonjee	Merchant, The Bund, Srinagar	150	The Jammu & Kashmir
6. Sri Nivas Magotra	Banker, Jammu	200	Bank Ltd., Srinagar
7. Anand Sarup	Retired Asst. Suptd. of Police, Amira Kadal,	200	
8. Abdul Aziz Mantoo	Srinagar	200	
	Merchant, Sri Ranbir Gunj, Srinagar		

List of Amendments to Memorandum of Association of the Bank.

Inserted vide Special Resolutions passed in the AGM held on 10-07-99 and (i) pursuant to permission granted by RBI vide their letter DBOD.558.16.063/99-2000 dated 26-11-99 (ii) Inserted vide Special Resolutions passed in the AGM held on 10-07-99 and pursuant to permission granted by RBI vide their letter DBOD.558.16.063/99-2000 dated 26-11-99 Inserted vide Special Resolutions passed in the AGM held on 10-07-99 and (iii) pursuant to permission granted by RBI vide their letter DBOD.558.16.063/99-2000 dated 26-11-99 Inserted vide Special Resolutions passed in the AGM held on 10-07-99 and (iv) pursuant to permission granted by RBI vide their letter DBOD.558.16.063/99-2000 dated 26-11-99 Inserted vide Special Resolutions passed in the AGM held on 12-06-04 and (v) pursuant to permission granted bγ RBI vide their PSBS.514/16.01.063/2004-05 dated 18-10-04 The Authorized capital of the Bank was reduced from Rs. 100 crores divided (vi) into 1,000,000,000 equity shares of Rs. 1/- each to Rs. 95 Crore divided into 950,000,000 equity shares of Rs. 1/- each vice special resolution passed in the AGM held on 22nd Aug. 2015 and pursuant to permission granted by RBI vide their letter DBR.No. PSBD.8357/16.01.063/2015-16 dated December 30, 2015 Rs. 10 per share prior to splitting of shares vide special resolution passed in the (vii) AGM held on 2nd Aug. 2014 (viii) Rs. 25/- per share prior to splitting The Authorized capital of the Bank was increased from Rs. 95 crores to Rs. 250 (ix) vide Special Resolutions passed in the AGM held on 28-09-2020 and pursuant to permission granted by RBI vide their letter DOR.PSBD.No.830/16.01.063/2020-21 dated 16-10-2020 (x) The Authorized Capital of the Bank was decreased from Rs. 250 crores to Rs. 185 crores vide Special Resolutions passed through the Postal Ballot on 20-03-2022 and pursuant to RBI letter DoR.HOL.No.4635/16.01.063/2021-22 dated 22-03-2022

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION OF THE JAMMU AND KASHMIR BANK LIMITED I. PRELIMINARY

Bank a Government Company	1.	The Jammu and Kashmir Bank Limited, has been established with limited liability, in accordance with the provisions of the Jammu and Kashmir Companies Act, 1977 (1920 A. D.) XI of 1977. By the Jammu and Kashmir (Extension of laws) Act, 1956 such provisions of the Companies Act, 1956 as relate to the incorporation, regulation and winding up of banking, insurance and financial corporations, have been made applicable to the State of Jammu and Kashmir. The Banking Regulation Act, 1949 and Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934 have also been extended to the State. It is a Government Company within the meaning of section 2(45) of the Companies Act, 2013 16.
First Schedule not to apply	2	The regulations contained in table "F' in Schedule I to the Companies Act, 2013 shall not apply to the Company except so far as they are embodied in or expressly made applicable by these Articles

Company to be governed by these Articles

The regulations for the management of the Company and for observance thereof by the members and their representatives shall, subject to any exercise of the statutory powers of the Company in reference to the repeal or alteration of or addition to its regulations by special resolution as prescribed or permitted by the Companies Act, 2013 and subject to the provisions of the Banking Regulation Act, 1949 be such, as are contained in these Articles

II. INTERPRETATION

Interpretation clauses	4	In the Interpretation of these Articles, the following words and expressions shall have the following meanings unless repugnant to the subject or context thereof:-
The Banking Regulation Act	a)	"The Banking Regulation Act" means the Banking Regulation Act, 1949 as modified from time to time.
Board or the Board of Directors	b)	"Board" or "the Board of Directors" means a meeting of the Directors duly called and constituted or, as the case may be, the Directors assembled at a Board or the Directors of the Company collectively.
Beneficial Owner ²	b(a)	^V "Beneficial Owner" shall mean the Beneficial Owner as defined in clause (a) of sub section(1) of section 2 of Depositories Act, 1996 ²⁴ .
Company or Bank	c)	"The Company" or "the Bank" means "The Jammu and Kashmir Bank Ltd".
The Companies Act	d)	"The Companies Act" means the Companies Act, 2013 as modified from time to time $^{^{16}}$.
Company's rules	e)	"Company's rules" mean the rules for the time being for the management of the Company.
Chairman.	f)	"Chairman" means the Chairman of the Board of Directors of the Bank.
Directors.	g)	"Directors" means the Directors for the time being of the Company, or, as the case may be, the Directors assembled at a Board or the Directors of the Company collectively.
Executive Director	h)	"Executive Director" means a Whole-time Director (other than the Managing Director & Chief Executive Officer (MD & CEO) 21 of the Bank) who is in the whole time employment of the Bank, entrusted with the duty of whole-time Director.

Managing Director & Chief Executive Office (MD & CEO) ²¹	ha)	"Managing Director & Chief Executive Officer (MD & CEO)" means a Director who, subject to the superintendence, control and direction of the Board of Directors is entrusted with the substantial powers of management of the affairs of the Bank and includes a director occupying the position of Managing Director & Chief Executive Officer (MD & CEO) ²¹ , by whatever name called.
Dividend ¹	i)	"Dividend" includes any interim Dividend.
Gender	j)	Words importing the masculine gender also include the feminine gender, unless the contrary intention appears from the context
General Manager ¹⁴	k)	"General Manager" means a person appointed as such to do such acts and things for carrying on the business of the Bank as he may be authorized and to exercise such powers as may be delegated to him, by the Board / Managing Director & Chief Executive Officer (MD & CEO) 21 , or an Executive Director but subject always to the supervision, control and direction of the Managing Director & Chief Executive Officer (MD & CEO) 21 and/or an Executive Director, as the case may be.
Meeting.	l)	"Meeting" means the meeting of the Shareholders or of the Directors as the case may be.
Month.	m)	"Month" a English calendar month.
Office Ordinary resolution and special resolution	n) o)	"Office" means the Registered Office of the Company for the time being. "Ordinary resolution" and "special resolution" have the meanings assigned thereto respectively by Section 2(63) and 114 of the Companies Act, 2013. 16
Permanent resident of Jammu and Kashmir	p)	Deleted. ²⁰
Person.	q)	"Person" includes artificial persons, s as well as individuals. 16
Plural Number	r)	Words importing the plural number also include the singular number unless the contrary intention appears from the context.
Singular number	s)	Words importing the singular number also include the plural number unless the contrary intention appears from the context.
Secretary	t)	"Company Secretary" or "Secretary" means a person who is a member of the Institute of Company Secretaries of India (ICSI) and who is appointed by the Bank to perform the functions of a Company Secretary under the Companies Act. ²⁴
Shareholder or member	u)	^{iV} "Shareholder" or "Member" means any person(s) whose name is entered in the Register of Members from time to time as owner or joint owner of any share in the Company and also every person holding Equity Shares of the Bank and whose name has been entered as Beneficial Owner on the records of depository of Beneficial Owner.
Depositories Act ²	v)	^{Vi} "Depositories Act" means Depositories Act, 1996 and shall include any statutory modification or reenactment thereof for the time being in force.
Depository	w)	Vii _" Depository" shall mean as Depository as defined under clause (e) of sub section (1) of section 2 of the Depositories Act, 1996.
SEBI ²	x)	"SEBI" shall mean the Securities and Exchange Board of India.
Security	y)	"Security" shall mean such security as may be specified by RBI/SEBI from time to time.
Securities ²⁴	z)	"Securities" shall have same meaning as assigned to it under section 2(h) of Securities Contracts Regulation Act, 1956.

III. SHARE CAPITAL

Amount of Capital	5	The Capital of the Company is Rs.185 Crores 3 , 21 & 22 divided into $185,00,00,000$ Equity Shares of Rs. 1 each.
Allotment of Shares	6	Subject to the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 the allotment of so many of the said shares in the original capital as have not been allotted at the date of the registration of these Articles shall exclusively appertain to, and be vested, in the Directors at their absolute discretion, who shall have the power to allot all or any of such shares as fully or in partly paid up in such manner and to such person or persons as they, in their absolute discretion, shall think fit.
Increase of Capital by the Company and how carried into effect	7	The Company in General Meeting may, from time to time increase the capital by the creation of new shares, such increase to be of such aggregate amount and to be divided into shares of such respective amounts as the resolution shall prescribe. The new shares shall be issued upon such terms and conditions and with such rights and privileges annexed thereto, as the resolution shall prescribe and in particular, such shares may be issued with a preferential or qualified right to dividends, and in the distribution of assets of the Company and with a right of voting at General Meetings of the Company in conformity with Sections 47 of the Companies Act, 2013 16. Whenever the Capital of the Company has been increased under the provisions of these Articles, the Directors shall comply with the provisions of Section 64 of the Companies Act, 2013 16.
How carried out	8	Whenever an increase of capital has been made or sanctioned in manner aforesaid, the Board shall carry the resolution into effect in such manner as they deem most expedient, subject nevertheless to the legislative provisions for the time being in force in this behalf, and to these presents and to the special directions (if any) given in reference thereto by the General Meeting at which such resolution may have been passed.
New Capital same as existing Capital.	9	Except so far as otherwise provided by the conditions of issue or by these presents, any Capital raised by the creation of new shares, shall be considered as part of the existing capital, and shall be subject to the provisions herein contained, with reference to the payment of calls and instalments, forfeiture, lien, surrender, transfer and transmission, voting and otherwise.
Reduction of capital	10 (A)	Subject to the provisions of section 61 of the Companies Act, 2013, the company may, by ordinary resolution,—
		(a) Consolidate and divide all or any of its share capital into shares of larger amount than its existing shares;
		(b) Convert all or any of its fully paid-up shares into stock, and reconvert that stock into fully paid-up shares of any denomination;
		(c) Sub-divide its existing shares or any of them into shares of smaller amount than is fixed by the memorandum;

The Company may (subject to the provisions of Sections 52,56,66 of the Companies Act, 2013) ¹⁶ from time to time by special Resolution, reduce its Capital and any Capital redemption reserve fund or other premium account in any manner for the time being authorized by law, and in particular Capital may

not been taken or agreed to be taken by any person.

(d) Cancel any shares which, at the date of the passing of the resolution, have

(B)

		is not to derogate from any power the Company would have if it were omitted
Register and index of Members	11	The Company shall cause to be kept a Register and Index of Members in accordance with Section 88 of the Companies Act, 2013 ¹⁶ read with Section 11 of the Depositories Act, 1996 (22 of 1996) ²⁴ .
Shares to be Numbered progressively and no share to be sub-divided	12	The shares in the Capital shall be numbered progressively according to their several denominations and except in the manner hereinbefore mentioned no share shall be sub-divided.

Further issue of

Capital

13(1)

⁴Where at any time, the Company intends to increase its subscribed capital by issue of further shares, such shares shall be offered—²⁴

be paid off on the footing that it may be called up again or otherwise. This Article

- a) to persons who, at the date of the offer, are holders of equity shares of the company in proportion, as nearly as circumstances admit, to the paidup share capital on those shares by sending a letter of offer subject to the following conditions, namely:24
 - i. the offer shall be made by notice specifying the number of shares offered and limiting a time not being less than fifteen days and not exceeding thirty days from the date of the offer within which the offer, if not accepted, shall be deemed to have been declined;
 - ii. the offer aforesaid shall be deemed to include a right exercisable by the person concerned to renounce the shares offered to him or any of them in favour of any other person; and the notice referred to in clause (i) shall contain a statement of this right;
 - iii. after the expiry of the time specified in the notice aforesaid, or on receipt of earlier intimation from the person to whom such notice is given that he declines to accept the shares offered, the Board of Directors may dispose of them in such manner which is not disadvantageous to the shareholders and the company;.
- b) to employees under a scheme of employees' stock option, subject to special resolution passed by company and subject to compliance of applicable laws/ regulations; or 24
- c) to any persons, if it is authorized by a special resolution, whether or not those persons include the persons referred to in clause (a) or clause (b), either for cash or for a consideration other than cash, if the price of such shares is determined by the valuation report of a registered valuer subject to compliance of applicable laws/regulations²⁴.
- (2) The notice referred to in sub-clause (i) of clause (a) herein above shall be dispatched through registered post or speed post or courier or through electronic mode or any other mode having proof of delivery to all the existing shareholders at least three days before the opening of the issue²⁴.
- (3) Nothing in this Article shall apply to the increase of the subscribed capital of the company caused by the exercise of an option as a term attached to the debentures issued or loan raised by the company to convert such debentures or loans into shares in the company:

Provided that the terms of issue of such debentures or loan containing such an option have been approved before the issue of such debentures or the raising of loan by a special resolution passed by the company in general meeting²⁴.

(4)

Notwithstanding anything contained in sub-clause (3) hereinabove, where any debentures have been issued, or loan has been obtained from Government by the company, and if the Government considers it necessary in the public interest so to do, it may, by order, direct that such debentures or loans or any part thereof shall be converted into shares in the company on such terms and conditions as appear to the Government to be reasonable in the circumstances of the case even if terms of the issue of such debentures or the raising of such loans do not include a term for providing for an option for such conversion;

Provided that where the terms and conditions of such conversion are not acceptable to the company, it may, within sixty days from the date of communication of such order, appeal to the Tribunal which shall after hearing the company and the Government pass such order as it deems fit²⁴.

(5)

In determining the terms and conditions of conversion under sub-clause (4) hereinabove, the Government shall have due regard to the financial position of the company, the terms of issue of debentures or loans, as the case may be, the rate of interest payable on such debentures or loans and such other matters as it may consider necessary²⁴.

(6)

Where the Government has, by an order made under sub-clause (4) hereinabove, directed that any debenture or loan or any part thereof shall be converted into shares in the company and where no appeal has been preferred to the Tribunal under sub-clause (4) hereinabove, or where such appeal has been dismissed, the memorandum of the company shall, where such order has the effect of increasing the authorized share capital of the company, stand altered and the authorised share capital of the company shall stand increased by an amount equal to the amount of the value of shares which such debentures or loans or part thereof has been converted into²⁴.

Terms of Issue of Debentures

13(A)

⁴Any debentures, debenture-stock or other securities16 may be issued at a discount, premium or otherwise and may be issued on condition that they shall be convertible into shares of any denomination and with any privileges and conditions as to redemption, surrender, drawing, allotment of shares, attending (but not voting) at the General Meeting, appointment of nominee Directors of Debenture Trustee in the manner detailed herein below in Article 69-A. Debentures with a right to conversion into or allotment of shares shall be issued only with the consent of the Company in the General Meeting by a Special Resolution²⁴.

Shares under control of Directors

14¹⁶

⁴ Subject to the provisions of Section 62 of the Act and these Articles, the shares in the capital of the Company shall be under the control of the Directors who may issue, allot or otherwise dispose of the same or any of them to such persons, in such proportion and on such terms and conditions and either at a premium or at par and at such time as they may from time to time think fit and with the sanction of the Company in the General Meeting to give to any person or persons the option or right to call for any shares either at par or premium during such time and for such consideration as the Directors think fit, may issue and allot shares in the Capital of the Company on payment in full or part of any property sold or transferred or for any services rendered to the Company in the conduct of its business and any shares which may so be allotted may be issued as fully paid-up shares and if so issued, shall be deemed to be fully paid up

Provided that option or right to call of shares shall not be given to any person or persons without the sanction of the Company in the General Meeting²⁴.

Buy back of own 14(A) shares

² Notwithstanding anything contained in these Articles, but subject to the approval of the Reserve Bank of India and provisions of the Act and all other applicable provisions of law as may be in force at any time and from time to time, the Bank may, as and when it thinks fit, buy back such of its own shares or securities as it may think necessary, subject to such limits, and on such terms

and conditions and at such times the Board may in its discretion decide and deem Power also to 15 (a) The Company in the General Meeting may decide that any shares (whether Company in forming part of the original capital or of any increased capital) shall be offered General Meeting to such persons in such proportion and on such terms and conditions, either at a to issue shares premium or at par or at a discount, as may be determined. Such General Meeting shall determine to give any person(s) the option to call for or be allotted shares of any class of the Company. The Article however shall be subject to Articles 13, 14 (supra) and sections 52 to 54 of the Act. ²⁴ (b) Subject to compliance with the provisions of the Companies Act 2013 and other applicable guidelines/ regulations, the Company in its General Meeting may increase its Paid-up capital through capitalisation of its General Reserves (over and above the statutory reserve fund) by issue of Bonus Shares to its existing shareholders on the pattern as may be decided by the Company in its General Meeting whose names appear in the books of the Company on the date of such meeting of the Company. ²⁴ Acceptance of 16 An application signed by or on behalf of the applicant for shares in the Company **Shares** followed by an allotment of any shares therein shall be an acceptance of shares within the meaning of these Articles; and every person who thus or otherwise accepts any shares shall, for the purposes of these Articles, be deemed a shareholder. Deposit etc. to be 17 The money (if any) which the Directors shall, on the allotment of any shares being paid immediately made by them, require or direct to be paid by way of deposit call, or otherwise in respect of any shares allotted by them, shall immediately after such allotment, become a debt due to, and recoverable by the Company from the allottee thereof, and shall be paid by him accordingly. The joint holders of a share shall be severally as well as jointly liable for the payment of all instalments and calls due in respect of such shares. Liability of 18 Every member, his heirs or successors, executors or administrators shall pay to Members for proportion of the Company the proportion of the Capital represented by his share or shares Capital which may, for the time being, remain unpaid thereon, in such amounts at such time or times, and in such manner as the Directors shall from time to time, in accordance with the Company's rules, require or fix for the payment thereof Joint 19 If two or more persons be registered as Joint holders of any share, any one of **Shareholders** such persons may give effectual receipts for any dividend payable in respect of such share and the certificates of shares registered in the names of two or more persons shall unless otherwise directed by them, be delivered to the person first named on the register. Company not 20 The Company shall not be bound to recognise any equitable, contingent bound to future or partial interest, in any share or (except as is by these present otherwise recognize any but expressly provided) any right in respect of a share other than an absolute right registered shareholder thereto, in accordance with these presents, in the person or persons, from time to time registered as the holder or holders thereof Notice of change 21 Any shareholder who shall change his name or place of abode, shall not be of name or entitled to recover any dividend or to vote until notice of change of name,

No person shall exercise any of the rights or privileges of a member until he shall have paid all calls and all other moneys for the time being due on every share held by him or due on any account or in any manner whatsoever to the Company.

b) ¹⁴ Deleted

or abode, be given to the Company for registration.

abode or

member

marriage of a female shareholder Rights of

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Company not to 23 invest money in its own shares Register of 24 Directors Shareholdings

No part of the funds of the Company shall be employed in the purchase of or in loans upon the security of, the Company's shares.

The Directors shall keep a register showing as in respect of each Director the number, description and amount of any shares or debentures in the Company which are held or in trust for him or of which he has any right to become the holder as required by Section 170 of the Companies Act, 2013 16.

IV. SHARE CERTIFICATE

Share Certificate 25 by whom to be signed Every certificate of shares shall be under the common Seal of the Company signed by two of the Directors and by the Secretary, or by such other person as the Board may appoint for the purpose and such certificate(s) shall specify the number and distinctive numbers of shares in respect of which it is issued and amount paid-up thereon and shall be in such form as the Directors may prescribe or approve, provided that in respect of a share or shares held jointly by several persons, the Company shall not be bound to issue more than one certificate and delivery of a certificate of shares to one of several joint holders shall be sufficient delivery to all such holders ^{4 & 24}·

Notwithstanding anything contained herein, the manner of issue of certificate of shares or the duplicates thereof, the form of such certificate, the particulars to be entered in the register of member and other matters shall be such as may be prescribed under the Act or rules thereto. Where a share is held in a depository form, the record of the depository is the prima facie evidence of the interest of the Beneficial owner²⁴.

Renewal 26 Certificate If any share certificate be worn out, defaced, mutilated or torn or if there be no further space on the back for endorsement of transfer, then upon production and surrender thereof to the company, a new certificate may be issued in lieu thereof, and if any certificate is lost or destroyed then upon proof thereof to the satisfaction of the company and on execution of such indemnity as the company deem adequate, a new certificate in lieu thereof shall be given. Every certificate under this Article shall be issued on payment of twenty rupees for each certificate. Provided that notwithstanding what is stated above the Company shall comply with such Rules or Regulations or requirements of any Stock Exchange or the rules made under the Act or the rules made under Securities Contracts (Regulations) Act, 1956 or any other Act, or rules applicable in this behalf.

The provisions of this Article shall mutatis mutandis apply to debentures of the Company $^{4 \, \& \, 24}$.

Endorsement of 27 Certificate Every endorsement upon the certificate of any share in favour of any transferee thereof shall be signed by the Secretary or some person for the time being duly authorized by the Directors in that behalf. In case any transferee shall apply for a new certificate thereof, in lieu of the old or existing certificate, he shall be entitled to receive a new certificate on payment by him (in addition to the transfer fee) of the sum of fifty paisa or any less sum which the Directors may from time to time fix for every share in respect of which a new certificate is applied for, and upon his delivering up to be cancelled every old or existing certificate which is to be replaced by a new

Issue of new certificates & their splitting up

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[†]Deleted

V. LIEN ON SHARES

Company's lien 29(A)

(1) The Company shall have a first and paramount lien:

shares

- on every share (not being a fully-paid share,) for all moneys (whether presently payable or not) called, or payable at a fixed time, in respect of that share: and
- (b) on all shares (not being fully-paid shares) standing registered in the name of a single person, for all moneys presently payable by him or his estate to the Company.

Provided that the Board of Directors may at any time declare any share to be wholly or in part exempt from the provisions of this clause.

(2) The Company's lien, if any on a share shall extend to all dividends payable thereon.

(B)

The Company may sell, in such manner as the Board thinks fit, any shares on which the Company has a lien:-

- (a) unless a sum in respect of which the lien exists is presently payable; or
- (b) until the expiration of fourteen days after a notice in writing stating and demanding payments of such part of the amount in respect of which the lien exists as is presently payable, has been given to the registered holder for the time being of the share or the person entitled thereto by reason of his death or insolvency.
- (1) To give effect to any such sale, the Board may authorise some person to (C) transfer the shares sold to the purchaser thereof.
 - (2) The purchaser shall be registered as the holder of the shares comprised in any such transfer.
 - (3) The purchaser shall not be bound to see to the application of the purchase money, nor shall his title to the shares be affected by any irregularity or invalidity in the proceedings in reference to the sale.

VI. CALLS

Board may make calls in respect of amount unpaid on shares

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The Directors may subject to Section 49 of the Companies Act, 2013 from time to time, subject to any terms on which any share may have been issued, make such calls as they think fit upon the Members in respect of all moneys unpaid on the shares held by them respectively and not by the conditions of allotment thereof, and each member shall pay the amount of every call so made on him to the persons and at the time appointed by the Board. A call may be made payable either in one sum or by installments.

Board may make further calls in respect of amount unpaid on shares

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The Directors may, from time to time, make such call as they think fit upon the members in respect of all moneys unpaid on the shares held by them respectively whether on account of the nominal value of the shares or by way of premium and not by the conditions of allotment thereof made payable at fixed times and each member shall pay the amount of every call so made on him to the persons and at the time and place appointed by the Directors. A call may be made payable by installments and shall be deemed to have been made when the resolution of the Directors authorising such call was passed.

Notice of calls how to be given and for how long

⁴ Twenty one days notice at the least shall be given by the Bank at the time and place appointed by the Board for the payment of every such call by written notice sent to the respective registered addresses of the shareholders through the post.

Payment in anticipation of calls at interest

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⁴The Directors may, if they think fit, subject to provisions of Section 50 of the

Companies Act, 2013, ¹⁶ agree to receive from any member willing to advance the some whole or part of the moneys due upon the shares held by him beyond the sums actually called for, and upon the amount so paid or satisfied in advance, or so much thereof as from time to time exceeds the amount of the calls then made upon the shares in respect of which such advance has been made, the Company may pay interest at such rate, as the member paying such sum in advance and the Directors agree upon provided that money paid in advance of calls shall not confer a right to participate in profits or dividend. The Directors may at any time repay the amount so advanced.

Calls when made

A call shall be deemed to have been made at the time when the Directors pass a resolution making such call and notice thereof has been given to the shareholder.

Directors may extend time.

The Board may, from time to time at its discretion, extend the time fixed for the payment of any call, and may extend such time as to all or any of the Members who by reason of residence at a distance or other cause, the Board may deem fairly entitled to such extension; but no Member shall be entitled to such extension save as a matter of grace and favour.

Calls to carry interest.

If any Member fails to pay any call due from him on the day appointed for payment thereof, or any such extension thereof as aforesaid, such Member shall be liable to pay interest on the same from the day appointed for the payment thereof to the time of actual payment at 10% per annum or at such lower rate, if any, as the Board may determine. The Board shall be at liberty to waive payment of any such interest wholly or in part²⁴.

Proof on trail of suit for money due on share

On the trial or hearing of any action or suit brought by the Company against any Member or his representative for the recovery of any money claimed to be due to the Company in respect of his shares, it shall be sufficient to prove that the name of the Member in respect of whose shares the money is sought to be recovered, appears as entered on the Register of Members as the holder, at or subsequently to the date at which the money sought to be recovered is alleged to have become due, of the shares in respect of which such money is sought to be recovered, that the resolution making the call is duly recorded in the minute book; and that notice of such call was duly given to the Member or his representatives sued in pursuance of these Articles and it shall not be necessary to prove the appointment of Directors who made such call, nor that a quorum of Directors was present at the Board at which any call was made, nor that the meeting at which any call was made was duly convened or constituted nor any other matters whatsoever, but the proof of the matters aforesaid shall be conclusive of the debt

Part payment on account of calls.

Neither the receipt by the Bank of a portion of any money which shall, from time to time, be due from any shareholder to the Bank in respect of his shares, either by way of principal or interest, nor any indulgence granted by the Bank in respect of the payment of any such money shall preclude the Bank from thereafter proceeding to enforce a forfeiture of such shares as hereinafter provided

The money due to shareholders from the Bank

Any money due from the Bank to a shareholder may, without the consent of such shareholder, be applied by the Bank in or towards payment of any money due from him to the Bank for call or otherwise.

VII. FORFEITURE OF SHARES

If money payable on share not paid, notice to be given to member If any Member fails to pay any call or installment of a call on or before the day appointed for the payment of the same or any such extension thereof as aforesaid, the Board may at any time thereafter, during such time as the call or installment remains unpaid, give notice to him requiring him to pay the same together with any interest that may have accrued and all expenses that may have been incurred by the Company by reason of such non-payment.

Terms of notice.	41	The notice shall name a day (not being less than fourteen days from the date of service of the notice) and a place or places on and at which such call or installment and such interest and expenses as aforesaid are to be paid. The notice shall also state, that, in the event of the non-payment at or before the time and at the place appointed, the shares in respect of which the call was made or installment is payable, will be liable to be forfeited
In default of payment shares to be forfeited	42	If the requirements of any such notice as aforesaid shall not be complied with every or any share, in respect of which such notice has been given, may at any time thereafter before payment of all calls or installments, interest and expenses due in respect thereof be forfeited by a resolution of the Board to that effect
Notice of forfeiture to a Member	43	When any share shall have been so forfeited, notice of the forfeiture shall be given to the Member in whose name it stood immediately prior to the forfeiture, and an entry of the forfeiture, with the date thereof, shall forthwith be made in the Register of Members.
Forfeited share to be sold, realloted or otherwise disposed of.	44	⁴ Every share which shall be so declared forfeited shall thereupon be the property of the Bank and may, at any time thereafter, be sold, reallotted or otherwise disposed off, to the original holder thereof or to any other person, either by public auction or by private sale, upon such terms and in such manner as the Directors shall think fit and in accordance with the listing agreement.
Member still liable to pay money owing at time of forfeiture and interest	45	Any Member whose shares have been forfeited shall notwithstanding the forfeiture, be liable to pay and shall forthwith pay to the Bank on demand, all call, installments, interest and expenses owing upon or in respect of such shares at the time of the forfeiture together with interest thereon from the time of the forfeiture until payment, at such rate as the Board may determine and the Board may enforce the payment thereof, if it thinks fit.
When share is forfeited, all dividends and bonuses due thereon to the shareholder shall be forfeited	46	The forfeiture of the share shall involve the extinction, at the date of the forfeiture, of all interest in and of all claims and demands against the Bank in respect of the share and all dividends and bonuses due and payable in respect thereof and also all other rights incident to the share, except only such of the rights as by these Article are expressly saved.
Certificate of forfeiture	47	A duly verified declaration in writing that the declarant is a Director, or the Secretary of the Company, and that a share in the Company has been duly forfeited in accordance with these Articles, on a date stated in the declaration, shall be conclusive evidence of the fact therein stated as against all persons claiming to be entitled to the share ²⁴ .
Annulment for forfeiture.	48	Before any share so forfeited is sold, reallotted or otherwise dealt with as aforesaid, the forfeiture thereof, may, at the discretions and by a resolution

		of the Directors, be annulled on such conditions as they may think fit to impose.			
VIII. TRANSFER AND TRANSMISSION OF SHARES					
Transfer Register	49	The Bank shall keep a book to be called the – Register of Transfer and therein shall be fairly and distinctly entered the particulars of every transfer or transmission of any share in the Bank.			
Form of transfer	50	⁶ Shares in the Company shall be transferred by an instrument in writing in such form as may from time to time be prescribed under the relevant provisions of the Companies Act in that behalf. The Directors may from time to time alter or			

vary the form of such transfer deed so as to comply with the provision of the Companies Act in that behalf

Transfer deed by whom to be executed

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52 (A)

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54 (A)

Every such instrument of transfer shall be executed both by the transferor and the transferee and attested and the transferor shall be deemed to remain the holder of such share until the name of the transferee is entered in the Register of Shareholders in respect thereof

The Board may decline to register transfer

Subject to the provisions of Section 58 of the Companies Act, 2013, the Directors may at heir own absolute and uncontrolled discretion and by giving reasons, decline to register or acknowledge any transfer of shares whether fully paid or not and the right of refusal, shall not be affected by the circumstances that the proposed transferee is already a member of the Company but in such cases, the Directors shall within one month from the date on which the instrument of transfer was lodged with the Company, send to the transferee and transferor notice of the refusal to register such transfer provided that registration of transfer shall not be refused on the ground of the transferor being

Transfer of Shares with the prior approval of RBI ⁷ No Transfer of Share shall be made without the Prior Approval of Reserve Bank of India where that acquisition of shares by a person/group which would take his/its holding to a level of 5% (Five percent) or more of the total issued Capital of the Bank (or such other percentage as may be prescribed by the Reserve Bank of India from time to time)

either alone or jointly with any other person or persons indebted to the Company on any account whatsoever except when the Company has a lien on the shares.

Transfer of shares in whatsoever lot shall not be refused

Board may decline to register transfer if transferee not approved.

⁴Deleted.

Death of one or more Jointholders of shares.

In case of the death of any one or more of the persons named in the Register of members as the joint holders of any share, the survivor or survivors shall be the only persons recognised by the Company as having any title to or interest in such share, but nothing herein contained shall be taken to release the estate of a deceased joint-holder from any liability on shares held by him jointly with any other person.

Nomination of Shares/ Debentures

- 1. Every holder of the Shares in, or every holder of debentures of, a Company may, at any time, nominate in the prescribed manner, a person to whom his shares in or debentures of the Company shall vest in the event of his death.
- 2. Joint holders may together nominate, in the prescribed manner, a person to whom all the rights in the shares or the debentures of the Company shall vest in event of the death of all the joint holders.
- 3. Notwithstanding anything contained in any other law for the time being in force or in any disposition, whether testamentary or where, in respect of such shares in or debentures of the Company, where nomination made in the prescribed manner purports to confer on any person the right to vest the shares in or debentures of the Company, the nominee, shall, on the death of the shareholder or the holder of debentures of the Company or, as the case may be, on the death of the joint holders become entitled to all the rights in the shares or debentures of the Company or as the case may be, or all the joint holders, in relation to such shares in or debentures of the Company to the exclusion of all other persons, unless nomination is varied or cancelled in the prescribed manner
- 4. Where the nominee is a minor, the holder of shares or of debentures, may make nomination to appoint in the prescribed manner, any person to become

entitled to shares in or debentures of the Company in the event of his death, during the minority.

Title of shares of deceased.

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Subject to the provisions of Section 72 of Companies Act, 2013 and Article 54A of Articles of Association, on the death of a Member, his legal representative, executor or administrator, when he was a sole holder, shall be the only person recognised by the Company as having any title to his interest in the shares; but the Company shall not be bound to recognise such executors or administrators unless such executors or administrators shall have first obtained a Probate or Letters of Administration or a Succession Certificate as the case may be, from a competent Court.

Provided that in special cases, and in such only, it shall be lawful for the Directors to dispense with the production of Probate or Letters of Administration or such other legal representation upon such terms as to indemnify or otherwise as to the Directors may appear fit.

Registration of person entitled to shares otherwise than by transfer

56

Any person becoming interested in a share in consequence of the death or insolvency of any shareholder or by any lawful means other than by a transfer in accordance with these Articles shall be registered in the Register of shareholders as proprietor of such share upon his producing such evidence as to title and otherwise as the Directors may deem sufficient.

This clause is hereinafter referred to as the transmission Clause.

Application for transfer

57

- (1) An application for the registration of a transfer of the shares or other interest of a member in a Company may be made either by the transferor or by the transferee.
- (2) Where the application is made by the transferor and relates to partly paid shares, the transfer shall not be registered, unless the Company gives notice of the application to the transferee and the transferee makes no objection to the transfer within two weeks from the receipt of the notice.
- 3) For the purposes of sub-section (2) notice to the transferee shall be deemed to have been duly given if it is dispatched by prepaid registered post to the transferee at the address given in the instrument of transfer, and shall be deemed to have been duly delivered at the time at which it would have been delivered in the ordinary course of post.

Certificate be produced previous to registration

58

Prior to the Registration of a transfer, the transferee shall produce for the inspection of the Directors the certificate of the share to be transferred.

Transfer to be presented with the evidence of title

59

The instrument of transfer shall be presented to the Bank together with such evidence as the Directors may require to prove the title of the transfer or and generally under the subject to such conditions and regulations as the Directors shall from time to time prescribe and the Directors shall thereupon register the name of the transferee in the Register of shareholders in respect of the shares so transferred and shall also endorse the transfer on the Certificate. Every registered instrument of transfer shall remain permanently in the custody of the Bank.

	e on transfer transmission	60	⁴ Deleted.
Re	ondition of egistration of ansmission	61	Every transmission of a share shall be verified in such manner as the Directors may require and the Bank may refuse to register any such transmission until the same be so verified. Whenever the Bank registers any such transmission an endorsement of such transmission shall be made on the Certificates of the shares so transmitted.
Transfer Books to be closed fo not more than 45 days in the year	be closed for t more than	62	The Directors shall have power to close the transfer books of the Bank for such period of time in every year as to them may seem fit, but not exceeding forty five days in the whole year.
	-		Previous notice of not less than seven days shall be given by advertisement in some Newspaper circulating in the District where the Registered Office of the Company is situated, before closing of the transfer books.
lia dis no	ne Bank not ble for sregard of any stice prohibiting ansfer	63	The Bank shall incur no liability or responsibility whatever in consequence of their registering or giving effect to any transfer of share made or purporting to be made, by an apparent legal owner thereof to the prejudice to persons having or claiming any equitable right, title or interest to or in the same share, notwithstanding that the Bank may have had notice of such equitable right title or interest or notice prohibiting registration of such transfer and may have entered such notice or referred thereto in any book of the Bank, and the Bank shall not be bound or required to attend or give effect to any notice which may be given to them of any equitable right, title or interest or be under any liability whatsoever for refusing or neglecting so to do, though it may have been entered or referred to in some book of the Bank but the Bank shall nevertheless be at liberty to regard and attend to any such notice and give effect thereto if the Directors shall so think fit.
Me an be	opy of emorandum d Articles to e furnished to areholders	64	Copies of Memorandum and Articles of association shall be furnished by the Directors to every shareholder at his request in writing, on payment of such sum not exceeding one rupee as from time to time the Directors may think fit.
			VIIIA. DEMATERIALISATION OF SECURITIES
Issu	e of securities	64 (A)	(i) Notwithstanding anything contained in these Articles, the Bank shall be entitled

in Demat Form	64 (A)	(i)	Notwithstanding anything contained in these Articles, the Bank shall be entitled to dematerialize its shares/debentures and other securities pursuant to Depositories Act 1996 and offer its shares/debentures and other securities for subscription in a dematerialised form.

Option for Investors

(ii) Every person subscribing to securities offered by the bank shall have the option to receive share certificates to hold the securities with a depository. Such a person who is a beneficial owner of the securities can at any time opt out of a depository, if permitted by the law, in respect of any security in the manner provided by the Depositories Act and the Bank shall, in the manner and within the time prescribed, issue to the beneficial owner the required certificates of the securities.

If a person opts to hold his security with a depository, the Bank shall intimate such depository the details of allotment of the security, and on receipt of the

information, the depository shall enter in its record the name of the allottee as the beneficial owner of the security.

Securities in depositories to be held in fungible form

(iii) All securities held in the depository shall be dematerialised and be in the fungible form. Nothing contained in sections 89 of the Companies Act, 2013 shall apply to a depository in respect of the securities held by it on behalf of the beneficial owners.

Rights of Depositories and Beneficial Owners

- iv) (a) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in the Companies Act or these Articles, a depository shall be deemed to be the registered owner for the purpose of effecting transfer of ownership of securities on behalf of the beneficial owner.
 - (b) save as otherwise provided in (a) above, the depository as the registered owner of the securities shall not have any voting rights or any other rights in respect of the securities held by it.
 - (c) every person holding securities of the Bank and whose name is entered as the beneficial owner in the records of the depository shall be deemed to be a member of the Bank. The beneficial owner of securities shall be entitled to all the rights and benefits and be subject to all the liabilities in respect of his securities which are held by a depository.
 - (d) save as herein otherwise provided, the Bank shall be entitled to treat the person whose name appears on the registers of Members as the holders of any share, as also the person whose name appears as the beneficial owner of the shares in the records of the depository as the absolute owner thereof as regards receipt of dividends or bonus or service of notices and all or any other matters connected with the bank, and accordingly, the Bank shall not (except as ordered by court of competent jurisdiction or as by law required) be bound to recognise any benami trust or equity or equitable, contingent or other claim to or interest in such share on the part of any other person whether or not it shall have express or implied notice thereof.

Service of Documents (v) Notwithstanding anything in the Act or these Articles to the contrary, where securities are held in a depository, the records of the beneficial ownership may be served by such depository on the Bank by means of electronic mode or by delivery of floppies or Disks.

Transfer of Securities vi) Nothing contained in section 56 of the Companies Act, 2013, ¹⁶ or these articles shall apply to a transfer of securities effected by transferor and transferee both of whom are entered as beneficial owners in the records of a depository.

Allotment of Securities dealt within a Depository Distinctive Number of Securities held in a Depository (vii) Nothing contained in the Companies Act or these Articles, where securities are dealt with by a depository, the Bank shall intimate the details thereof to the depository immediately on allotment of such securities.

Register and index of beneficial owners

- (viii) Nothing contained in the Companies Act or these Articles regarding the necessity of having distinctive numbers for securities issued by the Bank shall apply to securities held with a depository.
- (ix) The Register and Index of beneficial owners maintained by depository under the Depositories Act, 1996 shall be deemed to be the Register and Index of Members and security holders for the purpose of these Articles.

IX. BORROWING POWERS

Power to Borrow

65

Subject to the provisions of Section 179, 180 and 181 of the Companies Act, 2013 the Directors may, from time to time, at their discretion, by means of a resolution passed at their meeting, borrow, or secure the payment of, any sum or sums of money for the purposes of the Company, PROVIDED that the Directors shall not, without the sanction of a General Meeting of the Company, borrow money where the moneys to be borrowed, together with the moneys already borrowed by the Company, apart from the temporary loans obtained from the Company's bankers in the ordinary course of business will exceed the aggregate of the paid up capital of the Company, its free reserves (that is to say, reserves, not set apart for specific purposes) and securities premium^{24*}

Conditions on which money may be borrowed

66

The Directors may raise or secure the repayment of such sum or sums in such manner and upon such terms and conditions in all respects as they think fit, and, in particular by the issue of bonds, perpetual or redeemable debenture stock, or any mortgage, change or other security on the undertaking or the whole or any part of the property of the Company, both present and future, but so that no charge shall be created upon any unpaid capital of the Company PROVIDED HOWEVER no debenture shall carry any voting right at any meeting of the Company whether generally or in respect of a particular class of business.

Register of Mortgage to be kept

67

The Directors shall cause a proper register to be kept in accordance with Section 85 of the Companies Act, 2013 of all mortgages and charges specifically affecting the property of the Company; and shall duly comply with the requirements of Section 77 of the Companies Act, 2013 in regard to the registration of mortgages and charges therein specified and otherwise

Indemnity may be given

68

If the Directors or any of them, or any other persons shall become personally liable for the payment of any sum primarily due from the Company, the Directors may execute or cause to be executed any mortgage, charge or security over or affecting the whole or any part of the assets of the Company by way of indemnity to secure the Directors or persons so becoming liable as aforesaid from any loss in respect of such liability.

X. DIRECTORS

69

- (i) ¹⁹ Subject to the Provisions of the Companies Act, The Banking Regulation Act, SEBI Regulations and these Articles, the Chairperson of the Board shall be a ²⁰ Non Executive Director. ¹⁰The number of Directors on the Board of the Bank shall not be more than fifteen ¹⁸ or less than six. ²⁰ Not more than two ¹⁷ of these Directors shall be appointed by the Government, who will be called Government Directors; provided that no Director other than a Government Director shall be elected as Managing Director & Chief Executive Officer (MD & CEO) ^{20 & 21} of the Bank ¹⁹. ²³ One Director on the Board of the Bank shall be appointed by the Government of Union Territory of Ladakh or be from the Union Territory of Ladakh ²².
- (ii) The Directors at the time of adoption of these articles are:-
 - 1. Shri Abdul Aziz Fazili, Chairman.
 - 2. Shri Janki Nath Kaul, Secretary of the Government of Jammu and Kashmir, Finance Department.
 - 3. Shri Nand Kishore Sharma, Assistant Chief Officer, Incharge Regional Office of Department of Banking Operations and Development, Reserve Bank of India, Jammu.
 - 4. Raja Upendra Kishan Kaul.

- 5. Kh. Khurshid Ahmad Muntoo.
- 6. Capt. Diwan Singh.
- 7. Shri Degamber Sen Sawhny.
- Shri Mohomad Amin.

The first three are the Government Directors of the Board

- (iii) Government Directors will continue in their offices so long as their appointment is not cancelled by the Government.
- 69 (A)²⁴ Subject to the provisions of Companies Act, 2013, rules made thereunder and SEBI Regulations, the Debenture Trustee(s) shall have the power to nominate a director on the Board of the Bank in the event of:
 - i. two consecutive defaults in payment of interest to the debenture holders; or
 - ii. default in creation of security for debentures; or
 - iii. default in redemption of debentures²⁴."
 - 70 (i) The Directors shall have the power from time to time and at any point of time to appoint independent directors subject to approval of Shareholders in compliance with the requirements of applicable laws.²⁰

Provided that independent directors shall hold office for a term upto 3 consecutive years on the Board of the Bank from the date of appointment, but shall be eligible for re-appointment in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013. ²⁰

- (ii) ⁹ Directors shall be entitled to payment of Sitting Fee for attending the meetings of the Board or Committees thereof. ²⁰ Sitting Fee shall be paid to a Director other than ¹⁹:
 - (a) Managing Director & Chief Executive Officer (MD & CEO) ²¹;
 - (b) Executive Director(s);
 - (c) Director(s) nominated by the Government and who is /are in the employment of the Government, or
 - (d) Director(s) who is/are in the employment of Government, and
 - (e) Additional Director(s) appointed by the Reserve Bank of India and who is/are in the employment of RBI.

for attending a meeting of Board or Committee irrespective of the number of days for which the meeting may continue, which shall be 22 Rs.70,000/- for the Board

Meeting and Rs.40000/- for meeting of the Committee of the Board. Besides the fee admissible to a Director for attending the meeting, any Director who comes to attend a Board Meeting or a meeting of a Committee of the Board held at a place other than the place of his/her usual residence, shall, besides the travelling allowance admissible, be entitled to haltage as provided in the Article 70 (A) for the day(s) the Director has to stay at such place, in connection with a meeting, unless the expenses are borne by the Bank²², and also for any extra day(s) on onward or return journey connected with the meeting and involving air and/or rail travel.

70 (A) ¹¹Directors shall be paid all travelling, hotel & other expenses incurred by them respectively in attending and returning from the meeting of the Board of Directors or any Committee thereof or General Meeting of the Company, or in connection with the business of the Company

¹⁹A Director including a part time Chairman who is neither in the whole time employment of the Bank nor a Managing Director & Chief Executive Officer (MD & CEO)²¹, if called upon and willing to render extra services whether of a professional or non-professional nature may be paid remuneration either by way of monthly, quarterly or annual payment or by way of commission, as may be determined by the Board, subject to the provisions of the Act.

XI. POWERS OF DIRECTORS

Powers of the Board

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The management of the business of the Bank shall be carried on by the Managing Director & Chief Executive Officer (MD & CEO) 19 & 21 subject to the superintendence, control and direction of the Board of Directors. The Directors may exercise all such powers and do all such acts and things as the Company is, by its Memorandum of Association or otherwise, authorised to exercise and do and are not hereby or by statute directed or required to be made exercised or done by the Company in General Meeting but subject nevertheless to the provisions of the Companies Act, and of these presents and to any rules not being inconsistent with these presents from time to time made by the Company in General Meeting provided that no such rules shall invalidate any prior act of the Directors which would have been valid if such rules had not been made.

Express Powers of the Board

Without prejudice to the general powers conferred by last proceeding clause and of other powers conferred by these Articles the following powers and authorities are expressly given to and conferred upon the Directors:—

- a) Subject to the provisions of the Banking Regulation Act, to purchase, buy, take on lease, or otherwise acquire any land (whether freehold, leasehold, or otherwise) from any person including a Director with or without a house or houses, building or buildings thereon in the Jammu and Kashmir State and elsewhere in India and to erect, construct and build or alter any building or buildings thereon for the purposes of banking house or banking houses office or offices or as a residence for the Managing Director & Chief Executive Officer (MD & CEO) ^{19 & 21} or the General Manager or any other person in the employ of the Bank and to pay for such land and buildings whether purchased, leased or acquired, or built, or constructed by the Bank either in cash or otherwise.
- b) To purchase all furniture, utensils, and other things necessary for a banking house, office or residence and to purchase, and fit up the banking premises, with all things which the Directors may deem necessary or convenient for carrying on the business of the Bank.
- c) Subject to the provisions of the Banking Regulation Act, to open and establish branches and agencies for the conduct of the Bank's business from time to time in any part of the Jammu and Kashmir State or India as the Directors may think it expedient to do and to close such branches or agencies.
- d) To appoint at any time and from time to time by Power of Attorney under the Seal of the Bank any person or persons to be the Attorney or Attorneys of the Bank for such purposes and with such powers, authorities and discretions (not exceeding those vested in or exercisable by the Directors under these Articles) and for such period and subject to such conditions as the Directors may from time to time think fit and any such Power of Attorney may contain such powers for the protection or conveniences of persons dealing with such Attorneys as the Directors may think fit.

- e) From time to time frame rules regarding the conditions of service of the employees of the Bank and to nominate and appoint and at pleasure to remove or suspend as the Directors deem best for the management of the business of the Bank, Agents, Officer, Clerks, Engineers, workmen and all other employees of the Bank and to fix all remunerations, salaries and wages to be paid by the Bank to officers of the Bank respectively¹⁹.
- f) To authorise the Managing Director & Chief Executive Officer (MD & CEO) ^{19 & 21} or other officers for the time being of the Bank to exercise and perform all or any of the powers, authorities and duties conferred or imposed upon the Directors by the Memorandum or Articles of Association subject to such restrictions and conditions, if any, as the Directors may think proper.
- g) To raise or borrow money from time to time by bonds, debentures, or promissory notes, or by opening current accounts or by receiving advances with or without security or by mortgaging lands, buildings, machinery, goods or other property of the Bank or by such other means as the Directors may deem expedient.
- h) To draw, accept, endorse, negotiate and sell bills of exchange and other negotiable instruments with or without security
- i) To undertake on behalf of the Bank the payment of all rent and the performance of all covenants, conditions and agreements contained in or reserved by any lease that may be granted or assigned to or otherwise acquired by the Bank.
- j) To insure or keep insured if deemed expedient all or any of the buildings, goods, stores, or other property or any securities of the Bank either separately or conjointly for such period and to such extent as the Directors may think proper and sell, assign, surrender, or discontinue any Policies of Assurance effected in pursuance of this power.
- k) To purchase the reversion, and otherwise to acquire the freehold or free simple of all or any of the lands of the Bank for the time being held under lease or for an estate less than freehold estate by the Bank.
- l) To execute all deeds, agreements, contracts, receipts and other documents that may be necessary or expedient for the purpose of the
- m) To compromise any debt or claim or to give time to any debtor for the payment of his debt or to refer any matter or dispute to arbitration.
- To commence, institute, prosecute and defend all such actions and suits, as the Directors may think necessary, or proper to bring or defend on the part of the bank and to compromise or submit to arbitration the said actions and suits as the Directors in their discretion may think fit The Directors for the time being or any person duly authorised by them shall be entitled to make, give, sign and execute all and every warrant to sue or defend on behalf of the Bank and all and every submission to arbitration as may be requisite and for the purposes aforesaid the Directors shall be empowered to use their own names on behalf of the Bank or the name or names of any person or persons connected with the Bank or duly authorised by the Directors and such Director or Directors or such person whose name shall be so used shall be saved harmless and indemnified out of the funds and property of the Bank from all costs and damages which he or they may incur or be liable to by reason of his or their names being so used as aforesaid and such person or persons shall not be entitled to do anything whereby the Directors may be prevented from effectually conducting and bringing to an issue any such action or suit
- o) (i) To set apart from time to time a sum of money (out of the balance of profit of each year of the Bank before declaring any

dividend) a sum equivalent to not less than 20% of such profit to a reserve fund (hereinafter referred to as Statutory Reserve Fund). (ii) Over and above the Statutory Reserve Fund referred to in the preceding Articles the Directors before recommending any dividend may set aside out of the profits of the Company, such sums as they think proper as Reserve Fund to meet the contingencies or for special dividends or for repairing, improving and maintaining any of the property of the Company or for meeting bad debts and for such other purposes as the Directors shall in their absolute discretion think conductive to the interests of the Company; and may invest the several sum so set aside upon such investments (other than shares of the Company) as they may think fit and from time to time deal with and vary such investments and dispose of all or any part thereof for the benefit of the Company and may divide the reserve fund into such special fund as they think fit and employ the reserve fund or any part thereof in the business of the Company and that without being bound to keep the same separate from the other assets.

- p) From time to time provide for the management of the affairs of the Bank at all its Branches and Head office in such manner as the Directors shall think fit.
- q) To invest and deal with any of the moneys of the Company not immediately required for the purposes thereof in such securities (not being shares in this Company) and in such manner as they think fit and from time to time vary or realise such investments.
- r) To refer any claims or demands by or against the Company to arbitration and observe and perform the awards.
- s) ⁴To pay donations to any individuals or institutions or constitute to any charitable, religious, benevolent, national, public or general or other funds not directly relating to the business of the Company or the welfare of its employees any sums the aggregate of which will, in any financial year, not exceed Rs. 50,000/- or 5% of the average net profits of the Company during three financial years immediately preceding, whichever is greater, and may, with the consent of the Company in General Meeting contribute may sums in excess of such limits.

XII. DISQUALIFICATION OF DIRECTORS

Vacation of office by Directors

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The office of a director shall become vacant in case—

- a) He incurs any of the disqualifications specified in section 164 of the Companies Act, 2013;
- b) He absents himself from all the meetings of the Board of Directors held during a period of twelve months with or without seeking leave of absence of the Board;
- He acts in contravention of the provisions of section 184 of the Companies Act, 2013; relating to entering into contracts or arrangements in which he is directly or indirectly interested;
- d) He fails to disclose his interest in any contract or arrangement in which he is directly or indirectly interested, in contravention of the provisions of section 184 of the Companies Act, 2013;
- e) He becomes disqualified by an order of a court or the Tribunal;
- f) He is convicted by a court of any offence, whether involving moral turpitude or otherwise and sentenced in respect thereof to imprisonment for not less than six months:
 - Provided that the office shall be vacated by the director even if he has filed an appeal against the order of such court;
- g) He is removed in pursuance of the provisions of this Act;

h) He, having been appointed a director by virtue of his holding any office or other employment in the holding, subsidiary or associate company, ceases to hold such office or other employment in that company

Exceptions

74

- (i) Except with the consent of the Company accorded by a special resolution, no Director of the Company, no partner or relative of such a Director, no firm in which such a Director or relative is a partner, no private Company of which such a Director is a Director or member, and no Director or manager of such private Company shall hold any office or place of profit carrying a total monthly remuneration of "such sum as may be prescribed by Central Government from time to time" or more except that of Managing Director & Chief Executive Officer (MD & CEO) 21, manager, legal or technical adviser, banker or trustee for the holders of debentures of the Company:—
 - (a) under the Company; or
 - (b) under any subsidiary of the Company, unless the remuneration received from such subsidiary in respect of such office or place of profit is paid over to the Company or its holding Company.

PROVIDED that it shall be sufficient if the special resolution according the consent of the Company is passed at the General Meeting of the Company held for the first time after the holding of such office or place of profit.

PROVIDED FURTHER that where a relative of a Director or a firm in which such relative is a partner, is appointed to an office or place of profit under the Company or a subsidiary thereof without the knowledge of the Director, the consent of the Company may be obtained either in the General Meeting aforesaid or within three months from the date of the appointment, whichever is later.

- (ii) Except with the consent of the Board of Directors given by a resolution at a meeting of the Board and subject to such conditions as may be prescribed by the Board, Bank shall not enter into any contract or arrangement with a related party with respect to—
 - (a) Sale, purchase or supply of any goods or materials;
 - (b) Selling or otherwise disposing of, or buying, property of any kind;
 - (c) Leasing of property of any kind;
 - (d) Availing or rendering of any services;
 - (e) Appointment of any agent for purchase or sale of goods, materials, services

XIII. ROTATION OF DIRECTORS

Directors how long to remain in office

75

All the Directors shall retire by rotation except Government Directors who will, continue in their offices so long their appointment is not cancelled by the Government.

Appointment of 76 their successors

- (1) At every Annual General Meeting of the Company one-third of the Directors for the time being who are liable to retire by rotation or if their number is not three or multiple of three, then the number nearest to one-third shall retire from office:
- (2) The Directors to retire by rotation at every Annual General Meeting shall be those who have been longest in office since last appointment, but as between persons who became Directors on the same day, those who are to retire shall, in default of and subject to any agreement among themselves, be determined by lot;

- At the Annual General Meeting at which a Director retires as aforesaid, the Company may fill up the vacancy by appointing the retiring Director or some other person thereto;
- (4) If the place of the retiring Director is not so filled up (a) and the meeting has not expressly resolved not to fill the vacancy, the meeting shall stand adjourned till the same day in the next week, at the same time and place, or if that day is a National holiday, till the next succeeding day which is not a National holiday ¹⁶, at the same time and place;
 - (b) If at the adjourned meeting also, the place of the retiring Director is not filled up and that meeting also has not expressly resolved not to fill the vacancy, the retiring Director shall be deemed to have been re-appointed at the adjourned meeting, unless:-
 - (i) at that meeting or at the previous meeting a resolution for the re-appointment of such Director has been put to the meeting and lost;
 - the retiring Director has, by a notice in writing addressed to the Company or its Board of Directors expressed his unwillingness to be so re-appointed;
 - (iii) he is not qualified or is disqualified for appointment;
 - (iv) resolution, whether special or ordinary is required, for his appointment or reappointment by virtue of the provisions of the Companies Act;
 - (v) the proviso to sub-section (2) of Section 162 of the Companies Act, 2013 is applicable to the case.

77 Board may fill up vacancies

If the office of any Director appointed by the Company in the General Meeting is vacated before his term of office will expire in the normal course, the resulting casual vacancy may be filled by the Board of Directors at a meeting of the Board. Any person so appointed shall hold office only upto the date upto which the Director in whose place he is appointed would have held office if it had not been vacated as aforesaid.

Power of Directors to add to their number

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The Directors shall have power from time to time and at any time to appoint any other persons to be additional Directors but so that the total number of Directors shall not at any time exceed the maximum number fixed as above and so that no such appointment shall be effective unless two-thirds of the Directors concur therein.

Provided that such additional Directors shall hold office only upto the date of the next Annual General Meeting of the Company.

- 1) Subject to the provisions of the Companies Act and these Articles, any person who is not a retiring Director shall be eligible for appointment to the office of Director at any General Meeting, if he or some member intending to propose him has at least fourteen clear days before the meeting, left at the office of the Company a notice in writing under his hand signifying his candidature for the office of Director or the intention of such member to propose him as a candidate for that office, as the case may be.
 - 2) Every person (other than a Director retiring by rotation or otherwise or a person who has left at the office of the Company a notice under Section 160

Notice of candidature for office of Director except in certain cases

of the Companies Act, 2013¹⁶ signifying his candidature for the office of a Director) proposed as a candidate for the office of Director shall sign and file with the Company, his consent in writing to act as a Director, if appointed.

- 3) A person other than:-
 - (a) a Director re-appointed after retirement by rotation or immediately on the expiry of his term of office; or
 - (b) an additional or alternate Director, or a person filling a casual vacancy in the office of a Director, under Section 161 of the Companies Act, 2013 ¹⁶ appointed as a Director or reappointed as an additional or alternate Director, immediately on the expiry of his term of office, shall not act as a Director of the Company unless he has within thirty days of his appointment signed and filed with the Registrar his consent in writing to act as such Director.
- 4) The Company shall inform its members of the candidature of a person for the office of Director or the intention of a member to propose such person as a candidate for that office, by serving individual notices on the members not less than seven days before the meeting;

Provided that it shall not be necessary for the Company to serve individual notices upon the members as aforesaid if the Company advertises such candidature or intention not less than seven days before the meeting in at least two newspapers circulating in the place where the Registered Office of the Company is located, of which one is published in the English Language and other in the Regional Language of that plac

A Director may 80¹⁶ resign

A director may resign from his office by giving a notice in writing to the company and the Board shall on receipt of such notice take note of the same and the company shall intimate the Registrar in such manner, within such time and in such form as may be prescribed and shall also place the fact of such resignation in the report of directors laid in the immediately following general meeting by the company.

The resignation of a director shall take effect from the date on which the notice is received by the company or the date, if any, specified by the director in the notice, whichever is later:

Directors may be 81 removed and successors appointed

The Company may, by ordinary resolution, remove any Director before the expiration of his period of office and may subject to the provisions of Section 169 of the Companies Act, 2013, appoint another person in his stead. The person so appointed shall hold office during such time only as the Director in whose place he is appointed would have held the same if he had not been removed. Special notice of any resolution to remove a Director shall be given as provided by Section 169 of the Companies Act, 2013

Register of Directors, etc. and notification of change to Register The Company shall keep at its Registered Office a register containing the particulars of its Directors, Managers, Secretaries and other persons mentioned in Section 170 of the Companies Act,2013 and shall otherwise comply with the provisions of the said Section in all respects.

Disclosure by 83¹⁶
Director of
appointment to
any other body
corporate

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Every Director and key managerial personnel shall within a period of 20 days from the date of appointment, give notice to the company of such matters relating to himself as may be necessary for the purpose of enabling the company to comply with the provisions of Section 170 of the Companies Act, 2013 or any amendment thereof from time to time.

XIV. PROCEEDINGS OF DIRECTORS

Meeting of 84 ¹ The Directors may meet together for the disposal of Business, adjourn, and **Directors** otherwise regulate their meeting as they think fit. The quorum for a meeting of the Board of Directors of a Company shall be one-third of its total strength (any fraction contained in that one-third being rounded off as one), or two Directors, whichever is higher, one of whom must be a Govt. Director. Provided that where at any time number of interested Directors exceeds or is equal to two-thirds of the total strength, the number of remaining Directors, that is to say, the number of the Directors who are not interested present at the meeting being not less than two shall be the quorum during such time. Questions arising at any meeting shall be decided by majority of votes. In case of an equality of votes the Chairman shall have a second or casting vote. Save as otherwise expressly provided by the Companies Act, 2013 a resolution in writing signed by all the Directors shall have the same effect as a resolution passed by the Directors at their meeting 85 The Chairman of the Board of Directors shall preside at all meetings of the Directors or a Committee thereof, but if the Chairman is not a member of such a Committee or if at any meeting the Chairman is not present the Directors may choose one amongst them to be the Chairman of that meeting. Committees how The Directors may subject to the provisions of Section 179 of the Companies 86 and when to be Act, 2013 delegate any of their powers to Committee or committees appointed consisting of such member or members of their body as they think fit, and may from time to time revoke such delegation. Any committee so formed shall, in exercise of the powers so delegated conform to any regulations that may from time to time be imposed upon it by the Directors. The meetings and proceedings of any such committee, consisting of two or more members shall be governed by the provisions herein contained for regulating the meeting and proceedings of the Directors, so far as the same are applicable thereto, and are not superseded by any regulations made by the Directors under this clause. All acts, not ultra vires, done by any meeting of the Board or by a Committee Acts of Board or 87 Committees valid of Board, or by any person acting as a Director shall, notwithstanding that it notwithstanding shall afterwards be discovered that there was some defect in the appointment informal of such Directors or persons acting as aforesaid, or that they or any of them appointment were disqualified or had vacated office or that the appointment of any of them had been terminated by virtue of any provisions contained in the Act or in these Articles be as valid as if every such person had been duly appointed and was qualified to be a Director and had not vacated office or his appointment had not been terminated. Provided that nothing in this Article shall be deemed to give validity to acts done by a Director after his appointment has been shown to the Company to be invalid or to have terminated. Meetings and The meetings and proceedings of such Committees shall be governed by the 88 proceedings of provisions herein contained for regulating the meetings and proceedings of Committee Directors so far as the same are applicable thereto and so far as the same shall not be superseded by the express terms of the appointment of such Committee respectively or regulations imposed by the Board. 88A¹⁶ Quorum for The quorum for a meeting the Committee of Board of Directors of a Bank shall be Committee one-third of its total strength (any fraction contained in that one-third being Meetings rounded off as one), or two Directors, whichever is higher. Provided that where at any time number of interested Directors exceeds or is equal to two-thirds of the

total strength, the number of remaining Directors, that is to say, the number of

the Directors who are not interested present at the meeting being not less than two shall be the quorum during such time. Questions arising at any meeting shall be decided by majority of votes. In case of an equality of votes the Chairman of the Meeting shall have a second or casting vote.

Minutes of 89 meetings of Boards and Committees

- The Directors shall cause minutes of all proceedings of General Meetings, and of all proceedings at meetings of its Board of Directors or of Committees of the Board, to be entered in the books kept for that purpose within 30 days of the conclusion of the meeting concerned;
- 2. The minutes of each meeting shall contain a fair and correct summary of the proceedings thereat;
- 3. All appointments of officers made at any of the meetings aforesaid shall be included in the minutes of the meeting;
- 4. In the case of a meeting of the Board of Directors or of a committee of the Board, the minutes shall also contain:-
 - (a) The names of the Directors present at the meeting; and
 - (b) In the case of each resolution passed at the meeting, the names of the Directors, if any, dissenting from or not concurring in the resolution

Signature of minutes and effect thereof

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Each page of such minute books shall be initialed or signed and the last page of the record of proceedings of each meeting in each books shall be dated and signed:-

- (a) In the case of minutes of proceedings of a meeting of the Board or of a committee thereof, by the Chairman of the said meeting or the chairman of the next succeeding meeting;
- (b) In the case of minutes of proceedings of a General Meeting by the Chairman of the same meeting within the aforesaid period of thirty days or in the event of the death or inability of that Chairman within that period by a Director duly authorised by the Board for the purpose.

XV. GENERAL MEETING

Meetings of shareholders to be held

91 All General Meetings, whether Annual or Extra-ordinary shall be held at the Registered Office of the Company or at some other place within the city in which the Registered Office of the Company is situated.

Subsequent meetings when to be held

The Directors shall, in addition to any other meetings hold a General Meeting which shall be styled its Annual General Meeting at the intervals, and in accordance with the provisions, specified below:

- (a) An Annual General Meeting shall be held by the Company within six months after expiry of each financial year.
- (b) Not more than fifteen months shall elapse between the date of one Annual General Meeting and that of the next.
- (c) Every Annual General Meeting shall be called for a time during business hours, on a day that is not a National holiday ¹⁶, and shall be held either at the Registered Office of the Company or at some other place within the city, town or village in which the Registered Office of the Company is situated, and the notices calling the meeting shall specify it as the Annual General Meeting.
- (d) All General Meetings other than Annual General Meeting shall be called Extra-Ordinary General Meeting.

Extra-Ordinary General Meeting

The Directors may, whenever, they think fit convene an Extra-Ordinary General Meeting, and they shall, on the requisition of members of the Company representing not less than one-tenth of such of the paid-up capital of the Company

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as at the date of deposit of the requisition carries the right of voting in that matter, forthwith proceed duly to call an Extra-Ordinary General Meeting and in the case of such requisition the following provisions shall have effect:-

- (1) The requisition shall set out the matter for the consideration of which the meeting is called and shall be signed by the requisitionists and deposited at the Registered Office, and may consist of several documents in like form each signed by one or more of the requisitionists.
- (2) If the Directors do not, within twenty-one days from date of the deposit of a valid requisition, proceed duly to convene a meeting on a day not later than 45 days from the date of deposit of the requisitions, the meeting may be called by the requisitionists themselves or such of the requisitionists as represent either a majority in value of the paid-up share capital held by all of them or not less than one-tenth of such of the paid-up share capital of the Company as at that date carries the right of voting, whichever is less, but any meeting so convened shall not be held after three months from the date of deposit of the requisition.
- (3) In the case of meeting at which a resolution is to be proposed as a Special Resolution, the Directors shall be deemed not to have duly convened the meeting if they do not give such notice as is required by Sub-Section (2) of Section 114 of the Companies Act, 2013
- (4) Any meeting convened under this clause by the requisitionists shall be convened in the same manner, as nearly as possible, as that in which meetings are to be convened by Directors.

On receipt of requisition directors to convene meeting

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The Directors shall, on the requisition in writing of members representing not less than one- tenth of the total voting power of all the members having at the date of the requisition a right to vote on the resolutions or business to which the requisition related, give to members of the Company entitled to receive notice of the next Annual General Meeting, notice of any resolution which may properly be moved and is intended to be moved at that meeting alongwith any statement supplied by the requisitionists in accordance with the provisions of Section 111 of the Companies Act.

Notice of Meetings

Twenty-one clear days' notice shall be given in the case of Annual General Meeting and of meeting where it is proposed to pass a special resolution. Seven days' clear notice shall, unless the meeting otherwise resolves, be given of an adjourned meeting and fourteen days' clear notice of any other meeting. The notice in each case shall specify the place, day and hour of the meeting and shall contain a statement of the business to be transacted thereat. The notice shall in each case be given to the members either by advertisement or by notice sent by post, or otherwise served as hereinafter provided. Every notice convening a meeting of the Company shall also state that the member entitled to attend and vote at the meeting is entitled to appoint a proxy to attend instead of him and that a proxy need not be a member of the Company

Notice by whom to be signed

Every such notice shall be signed by the General Manager or such officers of the Company as the Directors may in that behalf appoint, except in the case of an Extra-Ordinary General Meeting convened in manner aforesaid by the requisitionists under a requisition of shareholders in which case the notice shall be signed by the said shareholders being not less than ten in number.

Omission to give notice not to invalidate a resolution passed The accidental omission to give any such notice as aforesaid to any of the Members, or the non-receipt thereof, shall not invalidate any resolution passed at any such meeting

XVI. PROCEEDINGS AT GENERAL MEETINGS

Business of Annual General Meeting	98	The business of an Annual General Meeting shall be the consideration of the accounts, Balance Sheet and the reports of the Board of Directors and Auditors the declaration of dividend, the appointment of Directors in the place of those retiring and the appointment of and the fixing of the remuneration of the Auditors. All other business transacted at an Annual General Meeting and a business transacted at any other meeting shall be deemed special.			
No Business without quorum	99	The quorum for a General Meeting shall be Thirty members personally presbeing the holders of ordinary shares. No business shall be transacted at General Meeting unless the quorum requisite shall be present at commencement of the business.			
When if quorum not present meeting to be dissolved and when to be adjourned	100	If within half an hour from the time appointed for holding a meeting of the Company a quorum is not present, the meeting, if convened upon requisition of members as aforesaid, shall stand dissolved but in any other case the meeting shall stand adjourned to the same day in the next week, at the same time and place or if that day is public holiday, till the next succeeding day which is not a public holiday at the same time and place or such other day, time and place as the Directors may by notice to the shareholders appoint. If at such adjourned meeting a quorum is not present within half an hour from the time appointed for holding the meeting, any two members who are personally present shall be a quorum and may transact business for which the meeting was called.			
Chairman of Directors to be Chairman of meeting. In his absence a Director to be chosen as Chairman. If chair not taken be Chairman of Board in half an hour shareholders to elect a chairman.	101	The Chairman (if any) of the Board of Directors shall if present and willing, preside at every General Meeting whether ordinary or extraordinary but if there be no such Chairman or in case of his absence or refusal someone of the Directors (if any be present) shall be chosen to be Chairman of the meeting and if the chair be not taken by the Chairman of the Board or by a Director at the expiration of fifteen minutes from the time appointed for holding the meeting or if before the expiration of that time all the Directors shall decline to take the chair or if there be no Director present the shareholders present shall choose one of their own member to be Chairman of the meeting			
When chair vacant no business to be transacted except election of Chairman	102	No business shall be discussed at any General Meeting except the election of Chairman while the chair is vacant.			
Chairman with consent of shareholders may	103	(1) The Chairman, may, with the consent of any meeting at which a quorum is present, and shall, if so directed by the meeting, adjourn the meeting from time to time and from place to place.			
adjourn meeting.		(2) No business shall be transacted at any adjourned meeting other than the business left unfinished at the meeting from which the adjournment took place.			
		(2) When a marking is adjacensed for thirty days are setting of the set			

meeting²⁴.

(3) When a meeting is adjourned for thirty days or more, notice of the adjourned meeting shall be given as in the case of an original meeting. Save as aforesaid, and as provided in section 103 of the Act, it shall not be necessary to give any notice of an adjournment or of the business to be transacted at an adjourned

Resolution how decided

Every resolution submitted to a meeting shall be decided by the votes cast, whether on a show of hands, or electronically or on a poll, as the case may be and in case of equality of votes the chairman shall in all cases have a casting vote in addition to his own," 16

Business through postal ballot

104(A)

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⁸ Subject to the provisions of Section 110 of Companies Act, 2013 and any other rules and regulations which may be framed by the Central Government from time to time the Company may transit such business as may be notified by the Central Government from time to time or which the Company may consider necessary through postal ballot.

Questions at General Meeting how decided.

105

At any General Meeting a resolution put to the vote of the meeting shall be decided on a show of hands, unless a poll is (before or on the declaration of the result of the show of hands) demanded by at least five Members having the right to vote on the resolution and present in person or by proxy or by the Chairman of the meeting or by any member or members holding not less than one-tenth of the total voting power in respect of the resolution or by any member or members present in person or by proxy and holding shares in the Company conferring a right to vote on the resolution being Shares on which an aggregate sum of not less than five lakh rupees or such higher amount has been paid - up as may be prescribed by the Act or the rules made thereunder.

A declaration by the Chairman that a resolution has, on a show of hands been carried unanimously, or by a particular majority, or lost, an entry to that effect in the Minute books of the Company shall be conclusive evidence of the fact, without proof of the number or proportion of the votes recorded in favour of or against that resolution²⁴.

Form of demand for poll

106

The demand for Poll shall be in the following form :—

We, the undersigned, shareholders of the Jammu and Kashmir Bank Limited, hereby demand that the votes of this day's meeting on the under-mentioned proposition submitted to it may be taken by poll.

Poll to be taken

107

a) If a poll is demanded on any question other than adjournment of the meeting or appointment of Chairman shall be taken at such time, not being later than forty eight hours from the time when the demand was made, as the Chairman of the meeting may direct and the result of the poll shall be deemed to be the resolution of the meeting at which the poll was demanded. The demand of a poll may be withdrawn. In case of any dispute as to the admission or rejection of a vote, the Chairman shall determine the same, and such determination made in good faith shall be final and conclusive²⁴.

In what cases poll taken without adjournment

b) Any poll demanded on the election of Chairman of a meeting or on any question of adjournment shall be taken forthwith and without adjournment. If a poll is demanded on the election of the Chairman, the Chairman elected on a show of hands shall exercise all the powers of the Chairman. If some other person is elected Chairman as a result of the poll, he shall be Chairman for the rest of the meeting.

Demand for a poll not be prevent continuance

108

The demand for a poll shall not prevent the continuance of the meeting for the transaction any business other than the question in which the poll has been demanded

Chairman's decision conclusive

109

The Chairman of any meeting shall be the sole judge of the validity of every vote tendered at such meeting. The Chairman present at the taking of the poll shall be the sole judge of the validity of every vote tendered at such poll.

XVII. VOTING RIGHTS OF SHAREHOLDERS

What shareholders may	110	(a) On a show of hands every member present in person shall have one vote; and on a poll /voting by electronic means, the voting rights of Members shall be in proportion to their share of the paid-up equity Capital of the Company ²⁴ .
		(b) Any person entitled under Article 56 to transfer any shares may vote at any General Meeting in respect thereof in the same manner as if he were the registered holder of such shares, provided that forty-eight hours atleast before the time of holding the meeting or adjourned meeting, as the case may be, at which he proposes to vote he shall satisfy the Directors of his right to transfer such shares, or the Directors shall have previously admitted his right to vote at such meeting in respect thereof ²⁴ .
		A member of unsound mind, or in respect of whom an order has been made by any court having jurisdiction in lunacy, may vote, whether on a show of hands or on a poll, by his committee or other legal guardian, and any such committee or guardian may, on a poll, vote by proxy ²⁴ .
Vote of Joint members	111	If there be joint registered holders of any share, the shareholder whose name stands first on the register and no other shall be entitled to speak and vote in respect of such share but the other or others of the joint holders shall be entitled to be present at the General Meeting but not to speak or vote.
Vote may be given personally or by proxy	112	(a) No member not personally present shall be entitled to vote on a show of hands, unless such member is a Company or corporation present by a representative duly authorised under Section 113 of the Companies Act,2013 in which case such representative may vote on the show of hands as if he were a member of the Company.
		(b) Any member of a Company entitled to attend and vote at a meeting of the Company shall be entitled to appoint another person, whether a member or not, as his proxy to attend and vote instead of himself; but a proxy so appointed shall not have any right to speak at the meeting.
Instrument of proxy	113	The instrument appointing a proxy shall be in writing and be signed by the appointer or his attorney duly authorised in writing or, if the appointer is a body corporate be under its Seal or be signed by an Officer or an attorney duly authorised by it. A person may be appointed a proxy though he is not a member of the Company.
Deposit of instrument of proxy		(b) The instrument appointing a proxy and the power-of-attorney or other authority, if any, under which it is signed or a notarised copy of that power or authority, shall be deposited at the registered office of the company not less than 48 hours before the time for holding the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the person named in the instrument proposes to vote, or, in the case of a poll, not less than 24 hours before the time appointed for the taking of the poll; and in default the instrument of proxy shall not be treated as valid ²⁴ .
Form of proxy		(c) A vote given in accordance with the terms of an instrument of proxy shall be valid notwithstanding the previous death or insanity of the principal or revocation of the proxy or of the authority under which the proxy is given PROVIDED that no intimation in writing of the death, insanity, revocation or transfer shall have been received by the Company at its office or by the Chairman of the meeting before the commencement of the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the proxy is used.
		(d) Every instrument of proxy whether for a specified meeting or otherwise shall as nearly as circumstances will admit be in the Form MGT 11 reproduced as

under:-

FORM MGT 11

THE JAMMU AND KASHMIR BANK LTD.

		I/We			
		SIGNED this day of			
General and special proxy with whom to remain	114	The instrument of proxy shall remain in the custody of the Bank for such time as the Directors may determine.			
Time for objections of votes	115	No objection shall be made to the validity of the vote after the Chairman's declaration as provided in Article 105 and every vote tendered or given either personally or by proxy shall be deemed to be valid for all purposes of such meeting after such declaration by the Chairman and shall not be questioned afterwards by any person in any manner whatsoever			
Chairman of any Meeting to be the judge or validity of any vote	116	The Chairman of any meeting shall be the sole judge of the validity of every vote tendered at such meeting. The Chairman present at the taking of a poll shall be the sole judge of the validity of every vote tendered at such poll.			
Minutes of General Meeting and inspection thereof by Members	117	The Company shall cause to be kept minutes of all proceedings of General Meetings which shall contain a fair and correct summary of the proceedings there at, and a book containing such minutes shall be kept at the Registered Office of the Company and shall be open, during business hours for such periods not being less in the aggregate than two hours in each day as the Directors may determine to the inspection of any Member without charge. Nothing herein contained shall require or be deemed to require the inclusion in any such minutes of any matter which, in the opinion of the Chairman of the meeting, (a) is, or could reasonably be regarded as, defamatory of any person, (b) is irrelevant or immaterial to the proceedings, or (c) is detrimental to the interests of the Company. The Chairman of the meeting shall exercise an absolute discretion in regard to the inclusion or non inclusion of any matter in the minutes on aforesaid grounds. Any such minutes, if purporting to be signed by the Chairman of the Meeting at the the proceedings took place or by the Chairman of the next succeeding Meeting, shall be evidence of the proceeding.			

XVIII. THE MANAGEMENT OF BUSINESS

Conduct of Business 118

- a) Subject to the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, and the Banking regulation Act, 1949, the Directors may, from time to time, appoint one among themselves, who shall be a Government Director, to be the Managing Director & Chief Executive Officer (MD & CEO) ²¹ for such period not exceeding five years at any one time as may be fixed by the Board of Directors.
- b) The business of the Bank shall be conducted by the Managing Director & Chief Executive Officer (MD & CEO) ²¹ subject to the superintendence, control and direction of the Board of Directors. Subject to the provisions of any law for the time being in force, the Board of

Directors shall entrust the Managing Director & Chief Executive Officer (MD & CEO) 21 , the management of the whole of the affairs of the Bank and also delegate to him such powers as may be necessary for carrying on the business of the Bank.

- c) Subject to the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, and the Banking Regulation Act, 1949, the Board of Directors may, from time to time, appoint one among themselves, to be the Chairman of the Board of Directors for such period not exceeding five years at any one time as may be fixed by the Board of Directors.²⁰
- d) The Chairman of the Board shall be a Non-Executive Director.
- e) Subject to the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Banking Regulation Act, 1949, the Board of Directors shall, from time to time, appoint through promotion /elevation from within the Bank or through recruitment from outside the Bank, not more than two officials / persons to be the Executive Director(s) of the Bank on such terms and conditions as may be fixed by the Board of Directors with the approval of Reserve Bank of India. ²¹
- f) The Executive Director(s) shall exercise such powers as may be delegated to him/them, by the Managing Director & Chief Executive Officer (MD & CEO) ²¹, subject to the superintendence, control and directions of the Managing Director & Chief Executive Officer (MD & CEO) ²¹.
- g) The remuneration of the Chairman, Managing Director & Chief Executive Officer (MD & CEO) ²¹ and Executive Director(s) or any modification thereof shall be decided by the Board of Directors subject to the approval of the Reserve Bank of India.

Prohibition against private dealing

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No Manager, Agent Accountant, Cashier Shroff or other officer or servant of the Bank, without the previous sanction of the Board of Directors, shall engage in any other banking or commercial business either on his own account or as agent for any other person or persons or shall act as broker or agent for the sale or purchase of Government or other securities.

Security

120

Every officer or servant of the Bank from whom the Directors may from time to time think fit to require, it shall give security to the Directors for the faithful discharge of his duty to the satisfaction of the Directors in such amount and in such manner as they think proper.

XIX. DIVIDENDS AND BONUS

Subject to the provisions of Section 15, 17 and 18 of the Banking Regulation Act, the Company may pay dividend and bonus in the manner hereinafter set out.

No dividend on capital paid-up in advance and carrying interest

122

- (a) The profits of the Company, subject to any special rights relating thereto created or authorized to be created by these articles, and subject to the provisions of these articles as to the reserve fund, shall be divisible among the members in proportion to the amount of capital paid-up on the shares held by them respectively at the date of declaration of the dividend.
 - Provided that where capital is paid-up on any shares in advance of calls up on the footing that the same shall carry interest such capital shall not, whilst carrying interest confer a right to participate in profits.

Declaration of dividend and

(b) The Company in the Annual General Meeting may declare a dividend to be payable out of the profit to the members according to their rights and interests in the profits. No large dividend shall be declared than is recommended by the Directors, but the Company in Annual General Meeting

restriction on amount

Interim dividends

Debts may be deducted

Dividend can be set off against calls

Effect of transfer

Dividend to joint holders

Payment by post

Notice of Dividend

Unpaid or Unclaimed Dividend

- may declare a smaller dividend. No dividend shall carry interest as against the Company
- (c) The Directors may from time to time pay to the members such interim dividends as appear to them to be justified by the profits of the Company.
- (d) The Directors may retain any dividend on which the Company has a lien, and may apply the same in or towards satisfaction of the debts, liabilities or engagements in respect of which the lien exists.
- e) Any Annual General Meeting declaring a dividend may make a call on the members of such amount as the meeting fixes, but so that the call on each member shall not exceed the dividend payable to him, and so that the call be made payable at the same time as the dividend and the dividend may, if so arranged between the Company and the member, be set off against the call. The making of a call under this clause shall be deemed ordinary business of Annual General Meeting which declares a dividend.
- f) A transfer of shares shall not pass the right to any dividend declared thereon before the registration of the transfer.
- g) Any one of several persons who are registered as the joint holders of any share may give effectual receipts for all dividends and payments on account of dividends in respect of such share.
- (h) Unless otherwise directed any dividend may be paid by cheque or warrant sent through the post to the registered address of the member or person entitled, or, in the case of joint holders, to the registered address of that one whose name stands first on the register in respect of the joint holding and every cheque or warrant so sent shall be made payable to the order of the person to whom it is sent.
- (i) Notice of the declaration of any dividend, whether interim or otherwise, shall be given to the holders of registered shares in the manner hereinafter provided.
- ⁸ Where the Company has declared a dividend but for one reason or the other is not paid or the dividend warrant thereof has not been posted within a period of 30 days from the date of declaration to any shareholder entitled to the payment of the dividend, the Company shall within 7 days from the date of expiry of the said period of 30 days, open a special account in that behalf in any scheduled bank called "Unpaid Dividend Account of The Jammu & Kashmir Bank Limited" and transfer to the said account, the total amount of dividend which remain unpaid/ unclaimed or in relation to which no dividend warrant has been posted. Any money transferred to the unpaid dividend account of the Company which remain unpaid/ unclaimed for a period of seven years from the date of such transfer, shall be transferred by the Company to the "Investor Education and Protection Fund" established by Central Govt. under Section 205C of Companies Act, 1956. No claim shall lie against the Company in respect of individual amounts transferred by the Company to the "Investor Education and Protection Fund" which were unclaimed / unpaid for a period of seven years from the date that they first became due for payment and no payment shall be made in respect of any such claim. No unclaimed or unpaid dividend shall be forfeited by the Board

XX. BOOKS, DOCUMENTS, ACCOUNTS AND BALANCE SHEET

- The Directors shall at the Registered Office of the Company or subject to the provisions of the Companies Act, at such other place as the Directors may think fit, keep or cause to be kept proper books of account with respect to:—
 - (a) All sums of money received and expended by the Company and the matters in respect of which the receipt and expenditure take place;
 - (b) All sales and purchases of goods by the Company; and
 - (c) The assets and liabilities of the Company.

The books so kept shall be such as are necessary to give a true and fair view of the State of the Company's affairs and to explain its transaction. All such books shall be open to inspection by the Directors during business hours.

Inspection of account books

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The Directors shall from time to time, subject to the provisions of sections 94, 119 and 136 of the Companies Act, 2013 determine whether and to what extent, and what times and places and under what conditions, the accounts and books of the Company, or any of them shall be open to the inspection of the members; and no member shall have any right of inspecting any account books or documents of the Company, except as conferred by the Companies Act or authorised by the Directors, or by resolution of the Company in General Meeting and no member not being a Director, shall be entitled to require or receive any information concerning the business, trading or customers of the Company or any trade secret or secret process of or used by the Company.

Profit and loss account and Balance Sheet

- At the Annual General Meeting in every year, the Directors shall lay before the Company a Balance Sheet and Profit and Loss Account made upto a date not earlier than the date of the meeting by more than nine months, or if the Company is carrying on business or has interests outside India by more than twelve months, subject in either case to the right of the Registrar to extend the period for any special reason as provided in the Companies Act;
- 2) The said Balance Sheet and the Profit and Loss Account shall be in the form provided for in Section 29 of the Banking Regulation Act, 1949 and shall be signed by the general manager or the Principal Officer of the Company and by at least three Directors.

Report of Directors

Every such Balance Sheet and Profit and Loss Account shall be accompanied by a Report of the Directors as to the State of the Company's affairs and as to the amount (if any) which they recommend to be paid out of the profits by way of dividend to the members, and as to the amount which the Company proposes to carry to any reserves and as to material changes and commitments, if any, affecting the financial position of the Company which have occurred between the end of the financial year of the Company to which the Balance Sheet relates and the date of the report and shall otherwise contain such information as may be required by the provisions of

Section 134 of the Companies Act,2013¹⁶ and such report shall be signed by the Chairman if he is so authorised in that behalf by the Board, and where the Chairman is not so authorised, the report will be signed by at least three of the Directors. The Balance sheet and Profit and Loss Account be signed by the General Manager or other Principal Officer of the Company and by at least three of the Directors.

Copies to be sent to members

A printed copy of such Profit and Loss Account and Balance Sheet and of all documents annexed thereto including the Reports of the Auditors and Directors shall as provided in Section 136 of the Companies Act,2013¹⁶ at least twenty-one days before the meeting, be sent to every member of the

Company to every holder of debentures issued by the Company, (not being the

Page No. 36

holder of the bearer debenture) to every trustee for the holders of any debentures issued by the Company and to all persons otherwise so entitled to receive.

XXI. AUDIT

Accounts to be audited annually

- (a) Once at least in every year, the Accounts of the Company shall be examined andthe correctness of the Profit and Loss Account and Balance Sheet ascertained by the Auditors of the Company.
- (b) Without prejudice to the provision of 139(5) of the Companies Act, 2013, the Company at each Annual General Meeting shall appoint an Auditor or Auditors to hold office until the next Annual General Meeting. Their appointment, retirement, remuneration, rights and duties shall be regulated by Sections 139 to 148 of the Companies Act²⁴.

XXII. THE SEAL

The Common Seal its custody and use

129

128

The Board shall have power to provide a common seal for the purpose of the Bank and from time to time to destroy the same and substitute a new seal in lieu thereof and shall provide for the safe custody of the seal for time being and it shall not be affixed to any instrument except by the authority of a resolution of the Board or of a Committee of the Board authorized by it in that behalf, and except in the presence of at least two Directors and of the Secretary or such other person as the Board may appoint for the purpose

Deeds how executed

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Every deed or other instrument to which the seal is required to be affixed shall be sealed in the presence of and shall be signed by the two Directors and countersigned by the Secretary or such officer of the Bank as shall from time to time be authorised by the Board for the purpose.

The seal shall be in the personal custody of the Secretary.

XXIII. SERVICE OF DOCUMENTS ON COMPANY

Service of documents on the Company

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A document may be served on the Company or an officer thereof by sending it to the Company or officer by registered post, or by leaving it at its Registered Office.

Service of documents on members by Company

- (1) A document may be served by a Company on any member thereof either personally or by sending it by post to him to his registered address, or if he has no registered address in India, to the address, if any, within India supplied by him to Company for the giving of notices to him.
- (2) Where a document is sent by post:—
 - (a) Service thereof shall be deemed to be effected by properly addressing, pre-paying and posting a letter containing the document, provided that where a member has intimated to the Company in advance that documents should be sent to him under a certificate of posting or by registered post with or without acknowledgement due and has deposited with Company a sum sufficient to defray the expenses of doing so, service of the document shall not be deemed to be effected unless it is sent in the manner intimated by the member; and
 - (b) unless the contrary is proved, such service shall be deemed to have been effected:

- in the case of a notice of meeting, at the expiration of forty-eight hours after the letter containing the same is posted and
- (ii) in any other case, at the time at which the letter would be delivered in the ordinary course of post.
- (3) A document advertised in a Newspaper circulated in neighborhood of the Registered Office of the Company shall be deemed to be duly served on the day on which the advertisement appears, on every member of the Company who has no registered address in India and has not supplied to the Company an address within India for the giving of notices to him;
- (4) A document may be served by the Company on the joint holders of a share by serving it on the joint-holder named first in the register in respect of the share.
- (5) A document may be served by the Company on the persons entitled to a share in consequence of the death or insolvency of a member by sending it through the post in a prepaid letter addressed to them by name or by the title of representatives of the deceased, or assignees of the insolvent, or by any like description, at the address, if any, in India supplied for the purposes by the persons claimed to be so entitled, or until such an address has been so supplied, by serving the document in any manner in which it might have been served if the death or insolvency had not occurred.

Service of documents on Register

A document may be served on the Register by sending it to him at his office by post under a certificate of posting or by registered post, or by delivering it to, or leaving it for him at his office

XXIV. EVIDENCE

Evidence in action by company against shareholders

On the trial or hearing of any action or suit to be brought by the Company against any shareholder or his representative to recover any debt or money claimed to be due to the Company in respect of his shares it shall be sufficient to prove that the name of the defendant or of the person whom he represents is or was when the claim arose on the register of shareholders of the Company as a holder of the number of shares in respect of which such claim is made and that the amount claimed is not entered as paid in the books of the Company and it shall not be necessary to prove the appointment of the Directors who made any call nor that a quorum of Directors was present at the Board at which any call was made nor that the meeting at which any call was made was duly convened or constituted nor any other matter whatsoever, but the proof of the matters aforesaid shall be conclusive of the debt.

XXV. SECRECY CLAUSE

Secrecy Clause

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Every member of the Board of Directors, General Manager, officer or any other employee/person /agent, Auditor of the Company shall be bound to observe strict secrecy respecting all transactions of the Company with the customers and the state of account with individuals and in matters relating thereto and shall not reveal any of the matters, which may come to their knowledge in the discharge of their duties except when required so to do by the Board of Directors or by any meeting, or by a Court of Law, or by the person to whom such matters relate and except so far as may be necessary in order to comply with any of the provisions herein contained²⁴.

XXVI. INDEMNITY

Indemnity

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Every officer or agent for the time being of the Company shall be indemnified out of the assets of the Company against any liability incurred by him in defending any proceedings, whether civil or criminal, in which judgment is given in his favour or in which he is acquitted or in connection with an application under Section 463 of the Companies Act, 2013 in which relief is granted to him by the Court.

XXVII. WINDING UP

Winding Up

The winding up of the Company shall be in accordance with the provisions of Part III and Part III A of the Banking Regulation Act

List of Amendments to Articles of Association of the Bank.

- 1. Amended by Special Resolution passed in the A.G. M held on 2nd June, 2003
- 2. Amended by Special Resolution passed in the A.G. M held on 10th July, 1999
- 3. As amended by special Resolution passed in the 20th AGM held in July, 1958 and further amended as under:
 - Rs. 30 Lakhs to Rs. 1.20 crore - AGM held on 27-06-1981 Rs. 30 1.20 Crore to Rs. 5.00 crore - AGM held on 25-06-1987 Rs. 5.00 Crore Rs. 10.00 crore - AGM held on 26-09-1991 Rs. 10.00 Crore to Rs. 20.00 crore - AGM held on 26-12-1992 Rs. 20.00 Crore to Rs. 75.00 crore - AGM held on 27-09-1997 Rs. 75.00 Crore to Rs. 100.00 crore - AGM held on 09-07-2007 Rs. 100.00 Crore to Rs. 95.00 crore - AGM held on 22-08-2015 Rs. 95.00 Crore to Rs. 250.00 crore - AGM held on 28-09-2020

- Postal Ballot on 20-03-2022

4. Amended by Special Resolutions passed in the AGM held on 25-07-1998

Rs. 250.00 Crore to Rs. 185.00 crore

- 5. Amended by Special Resolutions passed in the AGM held on 27-09-1997
- 6. Amended by Special Resolutions passed in the AGM held on 01-07-2000
- 7. Amended by Special Resolutions passed in the AGM held on 11-06-2001
- 8. Amended by Special Resolutions passed in the AGM held on 03-06-2002
- 9. Amended by special resolution passed at the AGM held on 05-09-88,25-07-98,01-07-2000, 02-06-2003, 26-08-2006, 09-07-2011 and 20-07-2016
- Amended by the special resolution passed at the AGM held on 10-07-1999 and pursuant to the permission from RBI vide their letter DBOD.No. PSBS.811/16.01.083/99-2000 dated 27-01-2000.
- 11. Amended by the special resolution passed at the AGM held on 10-07-1999 & 01-07-2000
- 12. As amended by the Special Resolution passed at the AGM held on 25-06-1984 and further amended in AGMs held on 20-12-93, 25-07-98 &10-07-99
- 13. Amended by the Special Resolution passed at the AGM held on 12-06-2001.
- 14. Amended by the Special Resolution passed at the AGM held on 08-06-2005 and pursuant to the permission from RBI vide their letter DBOD.No. 1285/06.39.001/20047-2005 dated June 07, 2005
- 15. As amended by the Special Resolution passed at the AGM held on 02-08-2014 and pursuant to the permission from RBI vide their letter DBOD.No. 130/08.39.001/2006-07 dated September 7, 2006
- 16. As amended by Special Resolution passed at the AGM held on 22-08-2015
- 17. Amended by Special Resolution passed in the AGM held on 20-07-2016
- 18. Amended by Special Resolution passed in the AGM held on 17-06-2017
- 19. Amended by Special Resolution passed in the AGM held on 26-09-2019
- 20. Amended by Special Resolution passed through Postal Ballot on 18-03-2020
- 21. Amended by Special Resolution passed in the AGM held on 28-09-2020
- 22. Amended by Special Resolutions passed through Postal Ballot on 20-03-2022 and pursuant to RBI letter DoR.HOL.No.4635/16.01.063/2021-22 dated 22-03-2022
- 23. Amended by Special Resolution passed in the AGM held on 24-08-2022
- 24. Amended by Special Resolution passed in the AGM held on 24-08-2023

Form No. SH-4 SECURITIES TRANSFER FORM

[Pursuant to section 56 of the Companies Act, 2013 and sub-rule (1) of rule 11 of the Companies (Share Capital and Debentures) Rules 2014]

			Date of ex	ecution	
"Transferee(s securities are	" named t now held	TION stated below the he securities specified be by the Transferor(s) and t ubject to the conditions af	elow subject to the cond the Transferee(s) do here	itions on which the said	
	ompany (ir	C000048 full):_JAMMU AND KA			
DESCRIPTIO	NOFSEC	URITIES			
Kind/Class of Securities (1)		Nominal Value of each unit of security (2)	Amount called up per unit of security (3)	Amount Paid up per unit of security (4)	
	,				
No. of securities being transferred		BOROLEU CON DE LOS DELOS DE LOS DELOS DE LOS DELOS DE LOS DELOS D	Consideration received (Rs.)		
Infigures		In words	In words	In figures	
Distinctive number	From				
Correspondin Certificate No	g				
		Transferor's	Particulars		
Registered Folio Number: Signature(s) 1. 2. 3.					
I, hereby confi	/itness	Transferor has signed b	efore me.	P.T.O.	

		Transferee's Partic	culars		
Name in full	Father's/ mother's/ Spouse Name	Address & E-mail id	Occupation	Existing folio No., if any.	Signature
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
Folio No. Tra	nsferee	Specimer	Signature of	Transferee	1
Value of stam	p affixed: (R	s.)			
		7250 (%			
Enclosures:					
(1)	Certificate of sha	res or debentures or oth	er securities		
(2)	If no certificate is	issued, letter of allotme	nt.		
(3)	Others, specify				
Stamps					
F66	a and a				
For office us	No. and Control				
Checked by	**********				
Signature talli	ed by				
Entered in the	Register of Tran	sfer on vide	Transfer No		****
Approval Date	9				
		eath Certificate / Letter	of Administration		
rregistered of	(ha)	No			
n the reverse	page of the ce	rtificate			
lame of the Tra	ansferor	Name of the Transferee	No. of sh		te of
				Tra	insfer

			Signatu	re of the authori	zed signato

