

Basel-III --- Pillar-3 disclosures as on 31st March- 2019

Table DF-1: Scope of application:

The Basel III capital adequacy norms are applicable to Jammu & Kashmir bank Ltd.

Name of the head of the banking group to which the Framework applies.	Jammu and Kashmir Bank Ltd
---	----------------------------

Jammu and Kashmir Bank (J&K Bank) is a commercial Bank incorporated on October 1, 1938 and the only state-government-owned scheduled commercial bank in India.

(i) Qualitative Disclosures:

a. The List of group entities considered for consolidation

Name of the entity / Country of Incorporat ion	Included under accounting scope of consolidati on (yes / no)	Method of consolidatio n	Included under regulatory scope of consolidat ion (yes / no)	Method of consolidatio n	Reason for difference in the method of consolidat ion	Reasons, if consolidat ed under only one of the scopes of consolidat ion
Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil

b. The List of group entities not considered for consolidation both under the accounting and regulatory scope of consolidation is given below.

Name of the entity / Country of incorporation	Principle activity of the entity	Total balance sheet equity	Percentage of bank's holding in the total equity	Regulatory treatment of bank's investments in the capital instruments of the entity	Total balance sheet assets
J&K Bank Financial Services Ltd	Marketing of Financial Products	₹ 200 million	100%	The entire amount of `200million has been deducted from capital	₹ 206.14 million



(ii) Quantitative Disclosures

c. The List of group entities considered for consolidation as on 31st March 2019:

_	Principal activity of the entity	Total Balance Sheet Equity	Total Balance Sheet Assets
NiI	Nil	Nil	Nil

d. The aggregate amount of capital deficiencies in all subsidiaries, which are not included in the regulatory scope of consolidation i.e. that are deducted:

	Principal activity of the entity	Total balance sheet equity	Percentage of Bank's Holding in the Total Equity	Capital Deficiencies
Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil

e. The aggregate amounts (e.g current book value) of the bank's total interests in insurance entities, which are risk weighted:

Name of the insurance entities Country of incorporation	Principal activity of the entity	Total balance sheet equity	Percentage of bank's holding in the total equity / proportion of voting power	Quantitative impact on regulatory capital of using risk weighting method versus using the full deduction method
PNB Metlife India Insurance Company Ltd /	Insurance Business	₹ 610.8 Mios	3.04%	CRAR will reduce by 0.08% under the deduction method

f. Any restrictions or impediments on transfer of funds or regulatory capital within the banking group



Basel-III --- Pillar-3 disclosures as on 31st MARCH - 2019

Table DF - 2 : Capital adequacy;

1. Qualitative disclosure

- 1.1 A summary discussion of the bank's approach to assessing the adequacy of its capital to support current and future activities.
- i) The Bank is subject to Capital Adequacy guidelines of RBI, which are based on the framework of Basel Committee on Banking Supervision. As per Basel III guidelines the minimum capital required to be maintained by the Bank is 10.875 percent with minimum Common Equity Tier 1 (CET1) of 7.375% as on March 2019. Stress analysis is conducted on half yearly basis or as required to see the impact on capital adequacy ratio (CAR) in near to medium horizon.
- ii) The Bank assesses its capital requirement based on business projections and opportunities for growth that are in line with the strategic intent of the Bank. The business projections are mapped to credit, market and operational risks which allows for assignment of regulatory capital besides providing capital headroom to meet growth projections. As part of the Internal Capital Adequacy Assessment Process (ICAAP), Bank also assesses adequacy of capital under stress conditions for gauging the adequacy of capital to support not only three primary risks of credit, market and operational risk but other residual risks like interest rate risk in banking book, liquidity risk, credit concentration risk, strategic risk and reputational risk.

2. Quantitative Disclosures Amount in ₹ million

2.1 Capital requirements for credit risk	65761.52
Portfolio subjected to standardized approach	65761.52
Portfolios subjected to the IRB approaches	• Nil
Securitization exposures	• Nil
2.2Capital requirement for market risk (under Standardized duration approach)	1354.53
Interest rate risk	954.14
Foreign exchange risk (including gold)	30.60
• Equity risk	369.79



2.3 Capital requirement for operat	4730).28	
Basic indicator approach:	4730).28	
2.4 Common Equity Tier 1, Tier 1	ratios:		
Name of the Entity	Tier 1 ra	tio Total ratio	capital
J&K Bank Ltd	10.60%	1	2.46%

Risk Exposure and Assessment

Structure and Organisation of Risk Management Function

The Bank's risk governance architecture focuses on key risk areas of credit, market (including liquidity) and operational risk. The quantification of these risks, wherever possible, ensures effective and continuous monitoring and control. The risk management system is overseen by Board of Directors of the bank, with Integrated Risk Management Committee (IRMC), a board level sub-committee entrusted with the overall responsibility of ensuring that adequate structures, policies and procedures are in place for risk management in the Bank. The IRMC of Board is supported by separate Executive level Committees viz, Credit Risk Management Committee (CRMC), Asset-Liability Management Committee (ALCO), Market Risk Management Committee and Operational Risk Management Committee (ORMC) to ensure effective management of credit, market and operational risks respectively. The executive level committees are in turn assisted / supported by respective risk management support groups for credit, operational, market and liquidity risks. These support groups provide support functions to the above committees through analysis of risks and reporting of risk positions and making recommendations as to the level and degree of risks to be undertaken.

Credit Monitoring Division (CMD) has been set up for ongoing monitoring of credit quality of borrowers. Department besides online monitoring of special mention accounts and limit monitoring releases caution list of borrowers at regular intervals based on the Early Warning Signal framework of the RBI.

In terms of enhanced operational risk management framework Bank has formed Zonal Risk Management Committees (ZRMC) which meets necessarily at least once in a quarter to discuss all the issues related to operational/Credit risk management and implementation of enhanced risk management framework at the gross root level. Zonal Head, designated Zonal Risk managers and identified business unit heads participate in the meeting.



Table DF - 3: Credit Risk

General disclosures --- Credit Risk

Credit Risk is the possibility of loss that a bank may be subjected to, on account of changes or deterioration in the credit profile / credit quality of borrowers and counterparties. The Bank is exposed to credit risk through lending and capital market activities. Bank has put in place Board approved comprehensive Credit Risk Management Policy which aims at ensuring sustained growth of healthy loan portfolio while identifying and managing credit risks, both at transaction and portfolio levels. It lays down the roles and responsibilities, risk appetite, key processes and reporting framework.

The Bank manages its credit risk through following strategies:

- a) Well defined credit risk management structure to identify measure, monitor and control / mitigate credit risk from loan origination to disbursement and post disbursement monitoring has been laid out.
- b) Board approved Investment Policy of the Bank addresses credit risks related to investment activities undertaken by the Bank, prescribing prudential limits, methods of risk measurement and hedges required in mitigation of risks arising in investment portfolio.
- c) Corporate credit is managed through rating of borrowers and thorough risk vetting of individual exposures at origination and periodic review after sanctioning. Retail credit to individuals and small business is managed through definition of product criteria, appropriate credit filters and subsequent portfolio monitoring.
- d) Industry wise segment ceilings on aggregate lending by the Bank.
- e) Individual borrower wise ceilings on lending as well as borrower group wise lending ceilings linked to the Bank's capital funds.
- f) Bank has comprehensive risk rating system that serves as a single point indicator of diverse risk factors of counterparty and for taking credit decisions in a consistent manner. The credit rating models use a combination of quantitative and qualitative factors that include borrower specific characteristics, industry score etc. to arrive at a 'point in time' view of risk.
- g) Allowing credit exposures as per the credit rating of borrowers upto defined thresholds of risk levels. The approach also includes diversification of credit portfolio rating category wise but within the acceptable risk parameters.
 - h) The Bank's entire current business is within India and hence there is no geographic ceiling on lending in India or outside India. Further, there is also no ceiling on lending within a State in India.
- i) A mechanism of clear and well defined delegation of authority operates within the Bank in regard to decision making, which links risk and exposure amount to level of approval.



- j) Regular review of all credit sanctioning powers delegated to various sanctioning levels so as to continuously strengthen the credit processes, and monitoring oversight are undertaken.
- k) Approval processes with respect to credit proposals are preceded by study of risks and preliminary due diligence particularly while sourcing fresh credit accounts.
- I) Credit audit system and loan review mechanism function independently of the credit processing / credit approval system and ensure effective loan monitoring, management / mitigation of credit and operational risks in the loan portfolio.
 - m) An appropriate mechanism for ongoing identification, development and assessment of expertise of officials in the area of credit appraisal and credit management function.

1. Qualitative Disclosures: The general qualitative disclosure requirement with respect to credit risk including:

1.1.1 Definition of NPA and impaired account

An asset including a leased asset becomes non-performing when it ceases to generate income for the bank. A non-performing asset (NPA) is a loan or an advance where:

- a. Interest and/or installment of principal remain overdue for a period of more than 90 days in respect of a term loan
- b. The account remains 'out of order' as indicated in paragraph 1.1.2 below, in respect of an Overdraft / Cash Credit (OD/CC)
- c. The bill remains overdue for a period of more than 90 days in case of bills purchased and discounted
- d. The installment of principal or interest thereon remains overdue for two crop seasons for short duration crops
- e. The installment of principal or interest thereon remains overdue for one crop season for long duration crops.
- f. In respect of securities, where interest/principal is in arrears for a period of more than 90 days.

An account is also classified as NPA if the interest due and charged during any quarter is not serviced fully within 90 days from the end of the quarter.

1.1.2 'Out of Order' status: An account is treated as 'Out of Order' if the outstanding balance remains continuously in excess of the sanctioned limit / drawing power. In cases where the outstanding balance in the principal operating account is less than the sanctioned limit / drawing power, but there are no credits continuously for 90 days as on the date of Balance Sheet or credits are not sufficient to cover the interest debited during the same period, these accounts are treated as "out of order".



1.1.3 Overdue: Any amount due to the bank under any credit facility is 'overdue' if it is not paid on the due date fixed by the bank.

1.2 Discussion of the bank's credit risk management policy.

The credit risk management policy of the bank aims at ensuring sustained growth of healthy loan portfolio while evolving a well- defined system to identify measure, monitor and control various risks attached to credit portfolio of the Bank. The policy aims at ensuring consistency and standardization of credit practices. There is a defined credit appraisal & credit approval authority, reporting cum monitoring / follow-up system and loan review mechanism/ credit audit system in place at the Bank.

2.1 Total gross credit risk exposures – Fund	a) On Balance Sheet 1014062.87		
based and Non-fund based separately, broken	b) Off Balance sheet50246.09		
down by major types of credit exposures.	Total 1064308.96		
2.2 Geographic distribution of exposures:			
Overseas	• Nil		
Domestic	1064308.96		
2.3 Industrial type distribution of	Major industry type exposure is given		
exposure, Fund based and Non-fund based	separately as per Annexure-A.		
separately.			
2.4 Residual contractual maturity	Residual maturity is provided separately		
breakdown of assets,	as per Annexure-B.		
2.5 Amount of NPAs (Gross)	• 62213.50		
 Substandard 	• 20635.11		
 Doubtful 	• 39091.30		
• Loss	• 2487.09		
2.6 Net NPAs	• 32396.10		
2.7 NPA Ratios			
Gross NPAs to gross advances	• 8.97		
Net NPAs to net advances	• 4.89		



•	Opening balance (01.04.2018))	•	60067.00	
•	Additions during the year			29646	
•	Reductions during the year			27499.5	
•	Closing balance (31.03.2019)		•	62213.50	
2.9Mc	ovement of specific provisions	(NPAs)			
•	Opening balance (01.04.2018))	•	31122.50	
•	Provisions made during the ye	ear	•	10535.10	
•	Write-off		•	12977.5	
•	Write back of excessive provis	sions	•		
•	Any other adjustment, including	g	•		
	transfers between provisions				
•	Closing balance (31.03.2019)		•	28680.01	
2.10 Provis	Movement of General sions	Provisior Standard		Provisions for Contingencies	Provisions for Investment Reserve
•	Opening balance (01.04.2018)	4776.5		1.2	0
•	Provisions made during the period				377.8
•	Write-off				
•	Write back of excessive provisions				
•	Any other adjustment, including transfers between provisions	388.2			
•	Closing balance (31.03.2019)	4388.3		1.2	377.8
3.0 Write offs booked directly to the income statement (01-04-2018 to 31-03-2019)				5061.78	
3.1	Recoveries booked directly to)	2005.2	26	
	the income statement				
	(01-04-2018 to 31-03-2019)				
	,				



4.0	A	Amount of non-performing	g investment	5456.65		
	4.1 Amount of provisions held for non- performing investment			4408.93		
4.2 depr		Novement of provision for its	r			
	•	Opening balance as on 0°	1.04.2018	746.82		
	•	Provisions made during th	ne period	118.74		
	•	Write-off		0		
	•	Write back of excessive p	rovision	381.15		
	•	Closing balance 31.03.2	019	484.42		
5.0		Major industry wise brea	ak up of NPAs	& Specific Pr	ovisions	
		Industry	NPA	S	Specific Provisions	
	•	Basic Metal & Metal Products		5022.91	2371.43	
	•	Infrastructure		17079.06	6278.57	
	•	Food Processing		120.24	41.20	
	•	Textiles		1646.62	783.81	
	•	Chemicals & Chemical Products		9.17	3.96	
	•	Vehicles, Vehicle parts & Transport equipment		8.82	2.68	
5.1	Ge	eography wise distributio	n of NPAs			
	•	Kashmir Region (including	g Ladakh)	12124.73		
	•	Jammu Region		4062.82		
	•	North zone (includes state Uttarakhand, West Benga Bihar)		19877.68		
	•	Upper North zone (include Punjab & Himachal Prade		369.86		
	•	Mumbai Zone (includes states of Maharashtra, Gujarat, Madhya Pradesh, Goa & Chhattisgarh)		11642.07		
	•	South Zone (includes sta Karnataka, Kerala, Tamil Pradesh)				
				i .		



5.2 Geography wise distribution of : Provisions	Specific Provisions	General
 Kashmir Region (including Ladakh) 	5967.97	2385.36
Jammu Region	1746.24	464.17
 North zone (includes states of Delhi, UP, Uttarakhand, West Bengal, Rajasthan, Bihar) 	7136.10	514.66
 Upper North zone (includes states of Punjab & Himachal Pradesh) 		
Mumbai Zone (includes states of Maharashtra, Gujarat, Madhya Pradesh, Goa & Chhattisgarh)	135.82 5537.74	565.38
 South Zone (includes states of Karnataka, Kerala, Tamil Nadu & Andhra Pradesh) 	4669.04	273.45
Floating Provisions/Provisions for Teaser loans / UFCE	3487.17	116.67 (Provisions for TeaserLoans/ UFCE)

<u>Table DF – 4 : Disclosure for portfolio subject to Standardised Approach</u>

1. Qualitative Disclosures:				
1.1 For portfolio under the s	1.1 For portfolio under the standardized approach:			
Names of credit rating agencies used, plus reasons for any changes.	The Bank's exposure being mainly domestic, rating agencies like CARE, CRISIL, ICRA, India Ratings, Brickwork Ratings, Acuite and Infomerics have been identified for rating of exposure as per RBI guidelines. Designated rating agencies are used irrespective of types of corporate exposures.			
Type of exposure for which each agency is used.	 For exposures with a contractual maturity of less than or equal to one year (except cash credit, overdraft and other revolving credits), short-term ratings given by approved rating agencies are used. For cash credit, sanctioned overdrafts and other revolving credits (irrespective of the period) and for term loan exposures of over one year, long term ratings are used. 			



- A description of the process used to transfer public issues rating onto comparable assets in the banking book
- Public issue ratings are used for comparable assets of borrower in the banking book as follows: -
-) In cases where the borrower has a specific assessment for an issued debt but the bank's claim is not an investment in this particular debt the rating applicable to the specific debt (where the rating maps into a risk weight lower than that which applies to an unrated claim) is applied to the bank's unassessed claim if the Bank's exposure ranks *pari passu* or senior to the specific rated debt in all respects and the maturity of the unrated Bank's claim is not later than the maturity of the rated claim.
- i) If either the issuer or single issue has been assigned a low quality assessment which maps into a risk weight equal to or higher than that which applies to unrated claims, an unassessed claim on the same counterparty that ranks pari-passu or is subordinated to the rated exposure is assigned the same risk weight as is applicable to the low quality assessment.
- 2. Quantitative Disclosures Amount in ₹ million

2.1Exposure amount after risk mitigation subjected to the standardized approach, amount of bank's outstanding (rated and un-rated) in the following three major risk buckets as well as those that are deducted:

Below 100% risk weight	619372.85
• 100% risk weight	181385.19
More than 100% risk weight	180665.97



Table- DF -5: Credit risk mitigation:

1. Qualitative disclosure

1.1 The general qualitative disclosure requirements with respect to credit risk mitigation

A Credit Mitigation and Collateral Management Policy, addressing the Bank's approach towards the credit risk mitigants is used for capital calculation. The Bank reduces its exposure to counterparty with the value of eligible financial collateral to take account of risk mitigating effect of the collateral.

1.2 Policies and processes for, and an indication of the extent to which the bank makes use of on and off balance sheet netting.

Bank has put in place Board approved policy on Credit Risk Mitigation and Collateral Management, covering credit risk mitigation techniques used by the Bank for both risk management and capital computation purposes. The Bank has a separate collaterals valuation policy that forms the basis for valuation of collaterals.

1.3 Policies and processes for collateral valuation and management

The policy adopts the Comprehensive Approach, which allows full offset of collateral (after appropriate haircuts) against exposures, by effectively reducing the exposure amount by the value ascribed to the collateral. The following issues are addressed in the policy:

- a) Classification of credit risk mitigants
- b) Acceptable credit risk mitigants
- c) Documentation and legal process requirements for credit risk mitigants.
- d) Valuation of collateral
- e) Custody of collateral
- f) Insurance
- g) Monitoring of credit risk mitigants

1.4 The description of the main type of collaterals taken by the bank

The main type of collaterals taken by the bank are Cash or cash equivalent, Bank deposits, NSCs, KVIP's, LIC policy, Central / State government Securities etc.

1.5 The main type of guarantor counterparties and their creditworthiness.

Bank considers guarantees, which are direct, explicit, irrevocable and unconditional for credit risk mitigation. Use of such guarantees for capital computation is as per RBI guidelines.

Types of guarantor counter party are:

- a. Sovereigns (Central / State Governments)
- b. Sovereign entities like ECGC, CGTSI
- c. Banks and Primary Dealers with a lower risk weight than the counter party
- d. Other entities that are externally rated. This would include guarantee cover provided by parent, subsidiary and affiliate companies when they have lower risk weight than the obligor.



1.6 Information about (market or credit) risk concentration within the mitigation taken

Majority of financial collaterals held by the Bank are by way of bank's own deposits, government securities, life insurance policies and other approved securities like NSCs, KVPs etc. Bank does not envisage market liquidity risk in respect of financial collaterals. Overall, financial collaterals do not have any issue in realization. Concentration on account of collateral is relevant in case of land & building. Except in the case of housing loan to individuals, land and building is considered only as additional security. As land and building is not recognized as eligible collateral under Basel III Standardized Approach, its value is not reduced from the amount of exposure in the process of computation of capital charge, and is used only in the case of housing loan to individuals and non-performing assets to determine the appropriate risk weight. As such, there is no concentration risk on account of nature of collaterals.

2. Quantitative Disclosures	
	Amount in ₹ million
2.1 For disclosure of credit risk portfolio under the standardized approach, the total exposure that is covered by:	 Exposure covered by Deposits/Cash/LIC Policies/NSCs/KVPs
2.2 Eligible financial collaterals; after the	54163.77
application of haircuts.	Exposure covered by Other Eligible Collaterals Nil

Table DF - 6: Asset Securitisation:

Bank is not currently undertaking any securitization activity.

Table DF - 7:Market risk in trading book

1. Qualitative Disclosures:

The market risk for the Trading Book of the Bank is managed in accordance to the Board approved Investment Policy, Trading Policy and Market Risk Policy. These policies provide guidelines to the operations, Valuations, and various risk limits and controls pertaining to various securities, foreign exchange. These policies enhance Bank's ability to transact in various instruments in accordance with the extant regulatory guidelines and provide sound foundation for day to day Risk Control, Risk management, and prompt business decision making. The Bank also has a Stress Testing Framework which enables Bank to capture impact



of various stress scenarios on Trading Book Portfolio. All these policies are reviewed periodically to incorporate changes in economic, business and regulatory environment.

1.1 The general qualitative disclosure requirement for market risk including the portfolio covered by securitized approach.

Risk management and reporting is based on globally accepted parameters such as Modified Duration, PVO1, Exposure and Gap Limits, VaR, etc. As per the Market Risk Policy/Trading policy, limits have been set for Forex Open Position limits (Daylight / Overnight), stop-loss limit, Sensitivity limit, VaR limit and exposure limits which are monitored on a daily basis. Bank has a Mid Office in place for functions like onsite monitoring of adherence to set limits, independent reporting of activities to Top Management and valuation etc.

Approach for Computation of Capital Charge for Market Risk

Bank has adopted the Standardised Approach as prescribed by RBI for computation of capital charge for market risk and is already fully compliant with such RBI guidelines. Standardised Approach is applied for calculation of Market Risk for:

- Securities under HFT category
- Securities under AFS category
- Open foreign exchange position
- Equity positions

1.2 General disclosures for market risk including portfolios covered by the IMA. A description of the soundness of the banks methodologies in assessing the capital adequacy, stress testing, and back-testing/validating the accuracy and consistency of the internal models and modeling processes.

Market risk is calculated on trading portfolio under Standardised duration method as per directives of RBI. Stress testing under various scenarios and calculation of Historical VaR forms an integral part of the portfolio risk management.

1. Quantitative Disclosures	
	Amount in ₹ million
1.1 The capital requirement for market risk as per Standardized Duration Approach:	1354.5
 Interest rate risk. 	• 954.14
Equity position risk.	• 369.79
 Foreign exchange risk. 	• 30.6



Commodity risk.

Table DF - 8--- Operational Risk

1. Qualitative Disclosures:

1.1 General disclosures: Operational risk is at the core of the Bank's operations to integrate best risk management practices into processes, systems and culture of the bank. The operational risk management (ORM) policy documents the Bank's approach towards management of operational risk and defines the roles and responsibilities of the various stakeholders to manage operational risk within the Bank. The Integrated Risk Management Committee (IRMC) of the Board at the apex level is the policy making body. IRMC is supported by Operational Risk Management Committee (ORMC) at the Executive level, which is responsible for bank wide implementation of ORM policy. A systematic process for reporting risks, operational losses has been developed. Bank has been collecting internal operational loss data from business units / offices. For this purpose, a system for reporting identified loss events and loss data have been put in place. The Bank has also implemented a comprehensive Business Continuity Plan (BCP) and established Disaster Recovery setup to ensure continuity of critical operations of the Bank in the event of any business disruption. The bank has been regularly conducting DR drills for various systems and applications in use.

The bank has a robust internal control / audit mechanism and reporting system for managing and mitigating operational risk.

1.2 In addition to general qualitative disclosure requirement, the approach (es) for operational risk capital assessment for which the bank qualifies.

As per the RBI guidelines, bank is following the Basic indicator approach (BIA) for computing capital charge for operational risk.

2. Quantitative Disclosures		
Capital charge for operational risk	Capital charge for operational risk is computed as per the Basic Indicator Approach prescribed by RBI. Under this approach, capital allocation for operational risk works out to: 4730.28(million)	



Table DF -9: Interest rate risk in the banking book (IRRBB)

1. Qualitative Disclosures:

1.1 The general qualitative disclosure requirements, including the nature of IRRBB and key assumptions, including assumptions regarding loan prepayments and behavior of non-maturity deposits, and frequency of IRRBB measurement.

Interest Rate Risk in Banking Book (IRRBB) is the risk which impacts assets and liabilities of Bank's non-trading (core) exposures which are contracted for steady income and statutory obligations and are generally held till maturity. Interest rate risk is measured as the potential volatility in the Bank's core net interest income caused by changes in market interest rates. Difference in pricing parameters of these Assets and Liabilities which may be due to different tenor, asset type, liability type or other parameters exposes the Bank to possible loss.

Bank utilizes the following methods to measure, monitor and control the adverse impact of interest rates on the Bank's financial condition within tolerable limits. This impact is calculated from following perspectives.

Earnings perspective: Indicates the impact on Bank's Net Interest Income (NII) in the short term.

Economic perspective: Indicates the impact on the net-worth of bank due to re-pricing of assets, liabilities and off-balance sheet items.

Measurement and computation of interest rate risk in Banking Book under the above two methods is done on a monthly basis.



2. Quantitative Disclosures

2.1 The increase (decline) in earning and economic value (or relevant measure used by management) for upward and downward rate shocks according to management's method of measuring IRRBB, broken down by currency (where the turnover is more than 5 percent turnover).

Changes on account of Interest rate volatility

- Change in net interest income (with 200 bps change in interest rates for both assets and liabilities)
 - 445.8 million
- Change in market value of equity(with 200 bps change in interest rates for both assets and liabilities).
 - > 5.73% (₹ 3560.46 million)

Table DF -10: General Disclosure for Exposures Related to Counterparty Credit Risk

1. Qualitative Disclosures

The Bank has a Credit Risk Management Policy and Collateral Management Policy in place which lays down guidelines, processes and measures for counterparty risk management. The counterparty limits are monitored and internal triggers are put in place to guard against breach in limits. Bank takes eligible financial collateral (e.g., cash or securities) on an account-by-account basis to reduce the credit exposure to counterparty while calculating the capital requirements.

2. Quantitative Disclosures

The derivative exposure is calculated using Current Exposure Method (CEM) and the balance out standing as on March 31, 2018 is given below.

Amount in `million

Particulars	Notional Amount	Current Exposure
Forward forex contracts	24251	916



DF11: Composition of Capital

	CommonEquityTier1capital:instrumentsandreserves		Ref No
1	Directly issued qualifying common share capital plus related stock surplus(share premium)	6672.7	
2	Retained earnings	55878.83	
3	Accumulated other comprehensive income (and other reserves)		
4	Directly issued capital subject to phase out from CET1 (only applicable to non-joint stock companies¹)		
5	Common share capital issued by subsidiaries and held by third parties (amount allowed in group CET1)		
6	CommonEquityTier1capitalbeforeregulatoryadjustments	62551.53	
	CommonEquityTier1capital:regulatoryadjustments		
7	Prudential valuation adjustments (illiquidity premium)	214.3	
8	Goodwill(net of related tax liability)		
9	Intangibles(net of related tax liability)		
10	Deferred tax assets ²		
11	Cash-flow hedge reserve		
12	Short fall of provisions to expected losses		
13	Securitisation gain on sale		
14	Gains and losses due to changes in own credit risk on fair valued liabilities		
15	Defined-benefit pension fund net assets		
16	Investments in own shares(if not already netted off paid-up capital on reported balance sheet)		
17	Reciprocal		
18	Investments in the capital of banking, financial and insurance		
19	Significant investments in the common stock of banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation, net of eligible short positions (amountabove10% threshold)3	200.00	
20	Mortgage servicing rights4(amount above 10% threshold)		
21	Deferredtaxassetsarisingfromtemporarydifferences5(amount above 10%threshold,net of related tax liability)		



23 Of which: significant investments in the common stock of financial entities 24 Of which: mortgage servicing rights 25 Of which: deferred tax assets arising from temporary differences 26 National specific regulatory adjustments7(26a+26b+26c+26d) 27 Of which: Investments in the equity capital of unconsolidated insurance subsidiaries 28 Of which: Investments in the equity capital of unconsolidated non-financial subsidiaries8 29 Of which: Short fall in the equity capital of majority owned financial 20 Of which: Unamortised pension funds expenditures 20 Regulatory adjustments applied to Common Equity Tier1 due to insufficient Additional Tier 1 and Tier 2 to cover deductions 28 Total regulatory adjustments to Common equity Tier1 29 Common EquityTier1capital (CET1) AdditionalTier1capital:instruments 30 DirectlyissuedqualifyingAdditionalTier1instrumentsplusrelated stock surplus (share premium) (31+32) 31 Of which: classified as equity under applicable accounting standards (Perpetual Non-Cumulative Preference Shares) 32 Of which: classified as liabilities under applicable accounting standards(Perpetual debt Instruments) 33 DirectlyissuedcapitalinstrumentssubjecttophaseoutfromAdditionalTier1 er1 34 AdditionalTier1 instruments (andCET1 instrumentsnotincludedin row5) issued by subsidiaries and held by third parties (amount allowed in group AT1) 35 Of which: instruments issued by subsidiaries subject to phase out AdditionalTier1capitalbeforeregulatoryadjustments 36 AdditionalTier1capitalbeforeregulatoryadjustments 37 Investments in own Additional Tier 1 instruments 38 Reciprocal cross-holdings in Additional Tier 1 instruments	22	Amount exceeding the15% threshold6		
25 Of which: deferred tax assets arising from temporary differences 26 National specific regulatory adjustments7(26a+26b+26c+26d) 26a Of which: Investments in the equity capital of unconsolidated insurance subsidiaries 26b Of which: Investments in the equity capital of unconsolidated non-financial subsidiaries8 26c Of which: Short fall in the equity capital of majority owned financial 26d Of which: Unamortised pension funds expenditures 27 Regulatory adjustments applied to Common Equity Tier1 due to insufficient Additional Tier 1 and Tier 2 to cover deductions 28 Total regulatory adjustments to Common equity Tier1 29 Common EquityTier1capital (CET1) 29 Common EquityTier1capital:instruments 30 DirectlyissuedqualifyingAdditionalTier1instrumentsplusrelated stock surplus (share premium) (31+32) 31 Of which: classified as equity under applicable accounting standards (Perpetual Non-Cumulative Preference Shares) 32 Of which: classified as liabilities under applicable accounting standards (Perpetual debt Instruments) 33 DirectlyissuedcapitalinstrumentssubjecttophaseoutfromAdditionalTier1 34 AdditionalTier1instruments(andCET1instrumentsnotincludedin row5)issued by subsidiaries and held by third parties (amount allowed in group AT1) 35 Of which: instruments issued by subsidiaries subject to phase out 36 AdditionalTier1capitalbeforeregulatoryadjustments 37 Investments in own Additional Tier 1 instruments	23			
26 National specific regulatory adjustments7 (26a+26b+26c+26d) 26a Of which: Investments in the equity capital of unconsolidated insurance subsidiaries 26b Of which: Investments in the equity capital of unconsolidated non-financial subsidiaries8 26c Of which: Short fall in the equity capital of majority owned financial 26d Of which: Unamortised pension funds expenditures 27 Regulatory adjustments applied to Common Equity Tier1 due to insufficient Additional Tier 1 and Tier 2 to cover deductions 28 Total regulatory adjustments to Common equity Tier1 29 Common EquityTier1capital (CET1) 29 Common EquityTier1capital (CET1) 30 DirectlyissuedqualifyingAdditionalTier1instruments 30 DirectlyissuedqualifyingAdditionalTier1instrumentsplusrelated stock surplus (share premium) (31+32) 31 Of which: classified as equity under applicable accounting standards (Perpetual Non-Cumulative Preference Shares) 32 Of which: classified as liabilities under applicable accounting standards (Perpetual debt Instruments) 33 DirectlyissuedcapitalinstrumentssubjecttophaseoutfromAdditionalTier1 er1 34 AdditionalTier1instruments(andCET1instrumentsnotincludedin row5)issued by subsidiaries and held by third parties (amount allowed in group AT1) 35 Of which: instruments issued by subsidiaries subject to phase out 36 AdditionalTier1capitalbeforeregulatoryadjustments 37 Investments in own Additional Tier 1 instruments	24	Of which: mortgage servicing rights		
26a Of which: Investments in the equity capital of unconsolidated insurance subsidiaries in the equity capital of unconsolidated non-financial subsidiaries8 26c Of which: Short fall in the equity capital of majority owned financial 26d Of which: Unamortised pension funds expenditures 27 Regulatory adjustments applied to Common Equity Tier1 due to insufficient Additional Tier 1 and Tier 2 to cover deductions 28 Total regulatory adjustments to Common equity Tier1 414.30 29 Common EquityTier1capital (CET1) 62137.24 AdditionalTier1capital:instruments 30 DirectlyissuedqualifyingAdditionalTier1instrumentsplusrelated stock surplus (share premium) (31+32) 31 Of which: classified as equity under applicable accounting standards (Perpetual Non-Cumulative Preference Shares) 32 Of which: classified as liabilities under applicable accounting standards (Perpetual debt Instruments) 33 DirectlyissuedcapitalinstrumentssubjecttophaseoutfromAdditionalTier1 er1 34 AdditionalTier1instruments(andCET1instrumentsnotincludedin row5)issued by subsidiaries and held by third parties (amount allowed in group AT1) 35 Of which: instruments issued by subsidiaries subject to phase out 36 AdditionalTier1capitalbeforeregulatoryadjustments 10000 AdditionalTier1capitalbeforeregulatoryadjustments 10000	25	Of which: deferred tax assets arising from temporary differences		
insurance subsidiaries 26b Of which: Investments in the equity capital of unconsolidated non-financial subsidiaries8 26c Of which: Short fall in the equity capital of majority owned financial 26d Of which: Unamortised pension funds expenditures 27 Regulatory adjustments applied to Common Equity Tier1 due to insufficient Additional Tier 1 and Tier 2 to cover deductions 28 Total regulatory adjustments to Common equity Tier1 29 Common EquityTier1capital (CET1) 62137.24 AdditionalTier1capital:instruments 30 DirectlyissuedqualifyingAdditionalTier1instrumentsplusrelated stock surplus (share premium) (31+32) 31 Of which: classified as equity under applicable accounting standards (Perpetual Non-Cumulative Preference Shares) 32 Of which: classified as liabilities under applicable accounting standards(Perpetual debt Instruments) 33 DirectlyissuedcapitalinstrumentssubjecttophaseoutfromAdditionalTier1 34 AdditionalTier1instruments(andCET1instrumentsnotincludedin row5)issued by subsidiaries and held by third parties (amount allowed in group AT1) 35 Of which: instruments issued by subsidiaries subject to phase out AdditionalTier1capitalbeforeregulatoryadjustments 10000 AdditionalTier1capitalitergulatoryadjustments 10000	26	National specific regulatory adjustments7(26a+26b+26c+26d)		
financial subsidiaries8 26c Of which: Short fall in the equity capital of majority owned financial 26d Of which: Unamortised pension funds expenditures 27 Regulatory adjustments applied to Common Equity Tier1 due to insufficient Additional Tier 1 and Tier 2 to cover deductions 28 Total regulatory adjustments to Common equity Tier1 414.30 29 Common EquityTier1capital (CET1) 62137.24 AdditionalTier1capital:instruments 30 DirectlyissuedqualifyingAdditionalTier1instrumentsplusrelated stock surplus (share premium) (31+32) 31 Of which: classified as equity under applicable accounting standards (Perpetual Non-Cumulative Preference Shares) 32 Of which: classified as liabilities under applicable accounting standards(Perpetual debt Instruments) 33 DirectlyissuedcapitalinstrumentssubjecttophaseoutfromAdditionalTier1 er1 34 AdditionalTier1instruments(andCET1instrumentsnotincludedin row5)issued by subsidiaries and held by third parties (amount allowed in group AT1) 35 Of which: instruments issued by subsidiaries subject to phase out 36 AdditionalTier1capitalbeforeregulatoryadjustments 10000 AdditionalTier1capitalbeforeregulatoryadjustments 10000	26a			
26d Of which: Unamortised pension funds expenditures 27 Regulatory adjustments applied to Common Equity Tier1 due to insufficient Additional Tier 1 and Tier 2 to cover deductions 28 Total regulatory adjustments to Common equity Tier1 414.30 29 Common EquityTier1capital (CET1) 62137.24 ***AdditionalTier1capital:instruments** 30 DirectlyissuedqualifyingAdditionalTier1instrumentsplusrelated stock surplus (share premium) (31+32) 31 Of which: classified as equity under applicable accounting standards (Perpetual Non-Cumulative Preference Shares) 32 Of which: classified as liabilities under applicable accounting standards(Perpetual debt Instruments) 33 DirectlyissuedcapitalinstrumentssubjecttophaseoutfromAdditionalTier1 34 AdditionalTier1instruments(andCET1instrumentsnotincludedin row5)issued by subsidiaries and held by third parties (amount allowed in group AT1) 35 Of which: instruments issued by subsidiaries subject to phase out 36 AdditionalTier1capitalbeforeregulatoryadjustments 37 Investments in own Additional Tier 1 instruments	26b			
Regulatory adjustments applied to Common Equity Tier1 due to insufficient Additional Tier 1 and Tier 2 to cover deductions Total regulatory adjustments to Common equity Tier1 Common EquityTier1capital (CET1) AdditionalTier1capital:instruments DirectlyissuedqualifyingAdditionalTier1instrumentsplusrelated stock surplus (share premium) (31+32) Of which: classified as equity under applicable accounting standards (Perpetual Non-Cumulative Preference Shares) Of which: classified as liabilities under applicable accounting standards(Perpetual debt Instruments) DirectlyissuedcapitalinstrumentssubjecttophaseoutfromAdditionalTier1 AdditionalTier1instruments(andCET1instrumentsnotincludedin row5)issued by subsidiaries and held by third parties (amount allowed in group AT1) Of which: instruments issued by subsidiaries subject to phase out AdditionalTier1capitalbeforeregulatoryadjustments AdditionalTier1capitalbeforeregulatoryadjustments Investments in own Additional Tier 1 instruments	26c	Of which: Short fall in the equity capital of majority owned financial		
insufficient Additional Tier 1 and Tier 2 to cover deductions Total regulatory adjustments to Common equity Tier1 Total regulatory adjustments to Common equity Tier1 AdditionalTier1capital (CET1) AdditionalTier1capital:instruments DirectlyissuedqualifyingAdditionalTier1instrumentsplusrelated stock surplus (share premium) (31+32) Of which: classified as equity under applicable accounting standards (Perpetual Non-Cumulative Preference Shares) Of which: classified as liabilities under applicable accounting standards(Perpetual debt Instruments) DirectlyissuedcapitalinstrumentssubjecttophaseoutfromAdditionalTier1 AdditionalTier1instruments(andCET1instrumentsnotincludedin row5)issued by subsidiaries and held by third parties (amount allowed in group AT1) Of which: instruments issued by subsidiaries subject to phase out AdditionalTier1capitalbeforeregulatoryadjustments AdditionalTier1capitalbeforeregulatoryadjustments Investments in own Additional Tier 1 instruments				
AdditionalTier1capital (CET1) 62137.24 AdditionalTier1capital:instruments DirectlyissuedqualifyingAdditionalTier1instrumentsplusrelated stock surplus (share premium) (31+32) Of which: classified as equity under applicable accounting standards (Perpetual Non-Cumulative Preference Shares) Of which: classified as liabilities under applicable accounting standards(Perpetual debt Instruments) DirectlyissuedcapitalinstrumentssubjecttophaseoutfromAdditionalTier1 AdditionalTier1instruments(andCET1instrumentsnotincludedin row5)issued by subsidiaries and held by third parties (amount allowed in group AT1) Of which: instruments issued by subsidiaries subject to phase out AdditionalTier1capitalbeforeregulatoryadjustments Investments in own Additional Tier 1 instruments	27			
AdditionalTier1capital:instruments DirectlyissuedqualifyingAdditionalTier1instrumentsplusrelated stock surplus (share premium) (31+32) Of which: classified as equity under applicable accounting standards (Perpetual Non-Cumulative Preference Shares) Of which: classified as liabilities under applicable accounting standards(Perpetual debt Instruments) DirectlyissuedcapitalinstrumentssubjecttophaseoutfromAdditionalTier1 AdditionalTier1instruments(andCET1instrumentsnotincludedin row5)issued by subsidiaries and held by third parties (amount allowed in group AT1) Of which: instruments issued by subsidiaries subject to phase out AdditionalTier1capitalbeforeregulatoryadjustments Investments in own Additional Tier 1 instruments	28	Total regulatory adjustments to Common equity Tier1	414.30	
DirectlyissuedqualifyingAdditionalTier1instrumentsplusrelated stock surplus (share premium) (31+32) Of which: classified as equity under applicable accounting standards (Perpetual Non-Cumulative Preference Shares) Of which: classified as liabilities under applicable accounting standards(Perpetual debt Instruments) DirectlyissuedcapitalinstrumentssubjecttophaseoutfromAdditionalTier1 AdditionalTier1instruments(andCET1instrumentsnotincludedin row5)issued by subsidiaries and held by third parties (amount allowed in group AT1) Of which: instruments issued by subsidiaries subject to phase out AdditionalTier1capitalbeforeregulatoryadjustments Investments in own Additional Tier 1 instruments	29	Common EquityTier1capital (CET1)	62137.24	
surplus (share premium) (31+32) 31 Of which: classified as equity under applicable accounting standards (Perpetual Non-Cumulative Preference Shares) 32 Of which: classified as liabilities under applicable accounting standards (Perpetual debt Instruments) 33 DirectlyissuedcapitalinstrumentssubjecttophaseoutfromAdditionalTier1 34 AdditionalTier1instruments(andCET1instrumentsnotincludedin row5)issued by subsidiaries and held by third parties (amount allowed in group AT1) 35 Of which: instruments issued by subsidiaries subject to phase out 36 AdditionalTier1capitalbeforeregulatoryadjustments 37 Investments in own Additional Tier 1 instruments		AdditionalTier1capital:instruments		
standards (Perpetual Non-Cumulative Preference Shares) 32 Of which: classified as liabilities under applicable accounting standards (Perpetual debt Instruments) 33 DirectlyissuedcapitalinstrumentssubjecttophaseoutfromAdditionalTier1 34 AdditionalTier1instruments (andCET1instrumentsnotincludedin row5) issued by subsidiaries and held by third parties (amount allowed in group AT1) 35 Of which: instruments issued by subsidiaries subject to phase out 36 AdditionalTier1capitalbeforeregulatoryadjustments 10000 AdditionalTier1capital:regulatoryadjustments 37 Investments in own Additional Tier 1 instruments	30		10000	
standards(Perpetual debt Instruments) DirectlyissuedcapitalinstrumentssubjecttophaseoutfromAdditionalTier1 AdditionalTier1instruments(andCET1instrumentsnotincludedin row5)issued by subsidiaries and held by third parties (amount allowed in group AT1) Of which: instruments issued by subsidiaries subject to phase out AdditionalTier1capitalbeforeregulatoryadjustments AdditionalTier1capital:regulatoryadjustments Investments in own Additional Tier 1 instruments	31			
er1 34 AdditionalTier1instruments(andCET1instrumentsnotincludedin row5)issued by subsidiaries and held by third parties (amount allowed in group AT1) 35 Of which: instruments issued by subsidiaries subject to phase out 36 AdditionalTier1capitalbeforeregulatoryadjustments 10000 AdditionalTier1capital:regulatoryadjustments 37 Investments in own Additional Tier 1 instruments	32	1.	10000	
row5)issued by subsidiaries and held by third parties (amount allowed in group AT1) 35 Of which: instruments issued by subsidiaries subject to phase out 36 AdditionalTier1capitalbeforeregulatoryadjustments 10000 AdditionalTier1capital:regulatoryadjustments 37 Investments in own Additional Tier 1 instruments	33	, , ,		
36 AdditionalTier1capitalbeforeregulatoryadjustments AdditionalTier1capital:regulatoryadjustments 37 Investments in own Additional Tier 1 instruments	34	row5)issued by subsidiaries and held by third parties (amount		
AdditionalTier1capital:regulatoryadjustments 37 Investments in own Additional Tier 1 instruments	35	Of which: instruments issued by subsidiaries subject to phase out		
37 Investments in own Additional Tier 1 instruments	36	AdditionalTier1capitalbeforeregulatoryadjustments	10000	
		AdditionalTier1capital:regulatoryadjustments		
38 Reciprocal cross-holdings in Additional Tier 1instruments	37	Investments in own Additional Tier 1 instruments		
	38	Reciprocal cross-holdings in Additional Tier 1instruments		



39	Investments in the capital of banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation, net of eligible short positions, where the bank does not own more than 10% of the issued common share capital of the entity (amount above10% threshold)		
40	Significant investments in the capital of banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation (net of eligible short positions) ¹⁰		
41	National specific regulatory adjustments(41a+41b)		
41a	Of which: Investments in the AdditionalTier1capitalof unconsolidated insurance subsidiaries		
41b	Of which:ShortfallintheAdditionalTier1capitalofmajorityowned financial entities which have not been consolidated with the bank		
42	RegulatoryadjustmentsappliedtoAdditionalTier1duetoinsufficient Tier2 to cover deductions		
43	TotalregulatoryadjustmentstoAdditionalTier1capital		
44	AdditionalTier1capital(AT1)	10000	
45	Tier1capital(T1=CET1+AT1)(29+44)	72137.24	
	Tier2capital:instrumentsandprovisions		
46	Directly issued qualifying Tier 2 instruments plus related stock	8000.0	
47	Directly issued capital instruments subject to phase out fromTier2	0	
48	Tier2 instruments (and CET1 and AT1 instruments not included in rows 5 or 34) issued by subsidiaries and held by third parties (amount allowed in group Tier 2)	377.8	
49	Of which: instruments issued by subsidiaries subject to phase out	0	
50	Provisions ¹¹	4388.3	
51	Tier2capitalbeforeregulatoryadjustments	12766.1	
	Tier2capital:regulatoryadjustments	1270011	
52	Investments in own Tier 2 instruments		
53	Reciprocal cross-holdings in Tier 2 instruments		
54	Investments in the capital of banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation, net of eligible short positions, where the bank does not own more than 10% of the issued common share capital of the entity (amount above the 10% threshold)		



55	Significant investments ¹² in the capital banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation (net of eligible short positions)	116.7
56	National specific regulatory adjustments(56a+56b)	
56a	Of which: Investments intheTier2capitalofunconsolidated insurance subsidiaries	
56b	ofwhich:ShortfallintheTier2capitalofmajorityownedfinancial entities which have not been consolidated with the bank	
57	Total regulatory adjustments toTier2 capital	116.7
58	Tier2 capital (T2)	12649.4
59	Totalcapital(TC=T1+T2)(45+58)	84786.6
60	Total risk weighted assets (60a+60b+60c)	680485.8
60a	Of which: total credit risk weighted assets	604425.7
60b	Of which: total market risk weighted assets	16931.6
60c	ofwhich:total operational risk weighted assets	59128.4
	Capital ratios and buffers	
61	Common Equity Tier 1(as a percentage of risk weighted assets)	9.13
62	Tier1 (as a percentage of risk weighted assets)	10.60
63	Total capital(as a percentage of risk weighted assets)	12.46
64	Institution specific buffer requirement (minimum CET1requirement plus capital conservation plus countercyclical buffer requirements plus G-SIB buffer requirement, expressed as a percentage of risk weighted assets)	
65	Of which: capital conservation buffer requirement	1.875
66	Of which: bank specific countercyclical buffer requirement	
67	Of which: G-SIB buffer requirement	
68	Common EquityTier1available to meet buffers (as a percentage of risk weighted assets)	
National minima (if different from Base IIII)		
69	NationalCommonEquityTier1minimumratio(if different from Basel III minimum)	7.375
70	National Tier 1 minimum ratio (if different from Basel III minimum)	8.875
71	National total capital minimum ratio (if different from Basel III	
	minimum)	10.875
	Amounts below the thresholds for deduction (before risk weigh	iting)



72	Non-significant investments in the capital of other financial entities		
73	Significant investments in the common stock of financial entities		
74	Mortgage servicing rights (net of related tax liability)		
75	Deferred tax assets arising from temporary differences (net of related tax liability)		
	Applicable caps on the inclusion of provisions inTier2		
76	Provisions eligible for inclusion inTier2 in respect of exposures subject to standardised approach (prior to application of cap)	4388.3	
77	Cap on inclusion of provisions inTier2 under standardised approach	7555.32	
78	Provisions eligible for inclusioninTier2 in respect of exposures subject to internal ratings-based approach(prior to application of		
79	Cap for inclusion of provisions in Tier2 under internal ratings-based approach		
C	Capital instruments subject to phase-out arrangements (only applements) between March31,2017 and March31,2022	icable	
80	CurrentcaponCET1instrumentssubjecttophaseoutarrangements		
81	Amount excluded from CET1 due to cap (excess over cap after redemptions and maturities)		
82	Current cap on AT1 instruments subject to phase out		
83	Amount excluded from AT1 due to cap (excess over cap after redemptions and maturities)		
84	Current cap onT2 instruments subject to phase out arrangements	0	
85	Amount excluded from T2 due to cap (excess over cap after redemptions and maturities)	6000.0	



Notes to the Template

Row No. of the template	Particular	(₹. in million)
10	Deferred tax assets associated with accumulated losses	
	Deferred tax assets (excluding those associated with accumulated losses) net of Deferred tax liability	2978.3
19	Total as indicated in row10	
19	If investments in insurance subsidiaries are not deducted fully fromcapitalandinsteadconsideredunder10%thresholdfor deduction, the resultant increase in the capitalof bank.	
	of which: Increase in Common Equity Tier 1capital	
	of which: Increase in Additional Tier 1 capital	
	of which: Increase in Tier 2 capital	
26b	If investments in the equity capital of unconsolidated non-	
	financial subsidiaries are not deducted and hence, risk weighted (i) Increase in Common Equity Tier 1 capital	
	(ii)Increase in risk weighted assets	
50	Eligible Provisions included in Tier2 capital	4388.3
	Eligible Revaluation Reserves included in Tier 2 capital	0.0
	Total of row 50	4388.3

DF 12: Composition of Capital -Reconciliation of Regulatory Capital

Step 1

		Balance sheet as in financial statements	Amount in ₹ million Balance sheet under regulatory scope of consolidation
		As on reporting date	As on reporting date
Α	Capital & Liabilities		
i	Paid-up Capital	557.00	
	Reserves & Surplus	65703.95	
	Minority Interest	0.00	
	Total Capital	66260.95	
ii	Deposits	896388.96	
	of which: Deposits from		
	banks	32656.25	
	of which: Customer deposits	863732.71	



	of which: Other deposits (pl.		
	specify)	0.00	
iii	Borrowings	26239.6	
	of which: From RBI	0.00	
	of which: From banks	0.00	
	of which: From other		
	institutions & agencies	239.56	
	of which: Others (pl. specify)		
	of which: Capital instruments	26000.00	
	Other Liabilities &		
iv	Provisions	25173.39	
	Total	1014062.9	
В	Assets		
	Cash and balances with		
i	Reserve Bank of India	48749.7	
	Balance with banks and		
	money at call and short	0000.40	
	notice	9869.10	
ii	Investments:	231605.04	
	of which: Government	231003.04	
	securities	185065.25	
	of which: Other approved		
	securities	0.00	
	of which: Shares	1974.16	
	of which: Debentures &		
	Bonds	15901.37	
	of which: Subsidiaries	200.00	
	Of which Joint Ventures /		
	Associates/ sponsored		
	banks	456.75	
	of which: Others		
	(Commercial Papers, Mutual		
	Funds CDs etc.)	28007.51	
iii	Loans and advances	662715.07	
	of which: Loans and		
<u> </u>	advances to banks	193.90	
	of which: Loans and		
	advances to customers	662521.17	
iv	Fixed assets	16746.94	



V	Other assets	44377.06	
	of which: Goodwill and intangible assets	0.0	
	of which: Deferred tax assets	2978.3	
vi	Goodwill on consolidation	0.0	
vii	Debit balance in Profit & Loss account	0.0	
	Total Assets	1014062.9	

Step 2

			Amount in ₹ million	
			Balance sheet	
			under regulatory	
		Balance sheet as in		Reference
		financial statements	consolidation	no:
			As on reporting	
		As on reporting date	date	
Α	Capital & Liabilities			
i	Paid-up Capital	557.00		
	of which: Amount eligible			
	for CET 1	557.00		
	of which: Amount eligible			
	for AT 1			
	Reserves & Surplus	65703.95		
	Of which:			
	Statutory reserve	21703.21		
	Share premium	6115.71		
	Revenue & Other reserves	29509.68		
	Capital reserves	708.46		
	Investment reserve	377.8		
	Revaluation Reserve	6057.48		
	Special Reserve (u/s			
	36(i)(viii) of I. Tax act, 1961)	1231.6		
	Out of which amount eligible			
	for inclusion in Tier 1 capital	2725.8		
	Minority Interest			
	Total Capital	62137.24		



ii	Deposits	896388.96	
	Of which: deposits of banks	32656.25	
	of which: Customer deposits	863732.71	
	of which: Other deposits (pl.		
	specify)	0.00	
iii	Borrowings	26239.56	
	of which: From RBI	0.00	
	of which: From banks	0.00	
	of which: From other institutions & agencies	239.56	
	of which: Others (pl. specify)		
	of which: Capital instruments	26000.00	
	Out of which eligible for	20000.00	
	inclusion in Tier II capital	8000.00	
	Other Liabilities &		
iv	Provisions	25173.39	
	of which: DTLs related to goodwill	0.0	
	of which: DTLs related to intangible assets	0.0	
	of which: Standard asset provision included under Tier	4388.3	
	of which: Provisions for contingencies included under Tier II	0.00	
	Total	1014062.9	
В	Assets		
	Cash and balances with		
i	Reserve Bank of India Balance with banks and	48749.69	
	money at call and short		
ii	notice	9869.07	
iii	Investments:	231605.03	
	Of which: Government		
	securities	185065.25	
	of which: Other approved securities	0.00	



	of which: Shares	1974.16	
	of which: Debentures & Bonds	15901.37	
	of which: Subsidiaries	200.00	
	Of which: Joint Ventures / Associates	456.75	
	of which: Others (Commercial Papers, Mutual Funds etc.)	28007.51	
iv	Loans and advances	662715.07	
	of which: Loans and advances to banks	193.90	
	of which: Loans and advances to customers	662521.17	
v	Fixed assets	16746.95	
vi	Other assets	44377.06	
	of which: Goodwill and intangible assets Out of which	0.0	
	Goodwill		
	Other Intangibles (excluding MSRs)	0.00	
	Deferred tax assets	2978.30	
vii	Goodwill on consolidation	0.00	
viii	Debit balance in Profit & Loss account	0.00	
	Total Assets	1014062.9	



DF13: Main features of regulatory capital Instrument

	Common Equity Tier I	
1	Issuer	The Jammu and Kashmir Bank Ltd.
2	Unique identifier (e.g. CUSIP, ISIN or Bloomberg identifier for private placement)	ISIN: INE168A01041
3	Governing law(s) of the instrument	The Companies Act, 2013
	Regulatory treatment	
4	Transitional Basel III rules	
5	Post-transitional Basel III rules	
6	Eligible at solo/group/ group & solo	SOLO
7	Instrument type	Equity Shares
8	Amount recognised in regulatory capital (`in million, as of most recent reporting date)	48,47,78,020 as on 20 th March, 2017 3,65,55,051 issued on 20 th March, 2017 3,55,25,321 issued on 7 th June, 2017 55,68,58,392, Total Capital as on 31.03.2019
9	Par value of instrument	Re. I/- (one only)
10	Accounting classification	Equity Capital
11	Original date of issuance	48,47,7,8,020 in 1999 3,65,55,051 issued on 20 th March, 2017 3,55,25,321 issued on 7 th June, 2017
12	Perpetual or dated	Perpetual
13	Original maturity date	Not applicable
14	Issuer call subject to prior supervisory approval	Yes
15	Optional call date, contingent call dates and redemption amount	Not applicable
16	Subsequent call dates, if applicable	Not Applicable
	Coupons / dividends	
17	Fixed or floating dividend/coupon	Floating rate
18	Coupon rate and any related index	Not applicable
19	Existence of a dividend stopper	Nil



	Fully discretionary, partially	_ ,, ,,
20	discretionary or mandatory	Fully discretionary
21	Existence of step up or other incentive to redeem	Not Applicable
22	Non-cumulative or cumulative	Not applicable
23	Convertible or non-convertible	Non Convertible
24	If convertible, conversion trigger(s)	Not applicable
25	If convertible, fully or partially	Not applicable
26	If convertible, conversion rate	Not applicable
27	If convertible, mandatory or optional conversion	Not Applicable
28	If convertible, specify instrument type convertible into	Not Convertible
29	If convertible, specify issuer of instrument it converts into	Not applicable
30	Write-down feature	No
31	If write-down, write-down trigger(s)	Not Applicable
32	If write-down, full or partial	Not Applicable
33	If write-down, permanent or temporary	Not Applicable
34	If temporary write-down, description of write-up mechanism	Not Applicable
	Position in subordination hierarchy in liquidation (specify instrument type immediately	
35	senior to instrument)	Not Applicable
36	Non-compliant transitioned features	Not Applicable
37	If yes, specify non-compliant features	Not Applicable



Instrument	Unsecured, Non-Convertible Subordinated Perpetual Additional Tier 1 Basel-III compliant Bonds in the nature of Debentures
Issuance & Trading	Demat Mode
Credit Rating	BWR A. +
Mode of Issue	Private placement
Issue Price	₹ 1 million /bond
Objects of the Issue/ Details of the utilization of the Proceeds	Augmenting Additional Tier 1 Capital (as the term is defined in the Basel III Guidelines) and overall capital of the Bank for strengthening its capital adequacy and for enhancing its long term resources
Minimum application size	1 Bond and in multiples of 1 Bond thereafter
Tenor	Perpetual
Security	Unsecured
Conversion	Non-convertible
Coupon Rate	10. 50% p.a. Fixed rate instrument.
Interest Payment Frequency	Annual (The interest shall not be cumulative)
Interest Payment Date	June 14 of every year
Dividend Stopper Clause	This clause will be applicable to these PDIs and it will stop dividend payments on common shares in the event the Bondholders are not paid Coupon. In the event the Bondholders are not paid Coupon, they shall not impede the full discretion that Issuer has at all times to cancel distributions/payments on the PDIs, nor will they impede / hinder: (a) The Re-Capitalization of the Bank. (b) The Bank's right to make payments on other instruments, where the payments on this other instrument were not also fully discretionary. (c) The Bank's right to making distributions to shareholders for a period that extends beyond the point in time that Coupon /dividends on the PDIs are resumed.



	(d) The normal operation of the Bank or any restructuring activity (including acquisitions/disposals).
Put Option	No Put Option
Call Option	The exercise of Call Option by the Bank will be subject to ALL of the below mentioned conditions. a) The instrument has run for at least five years b) The prior approval of RBI (Department of Banking Operations & Development). c) The instrument is replaced with capital of the same or better quality and the replacement of this capital is done at conditions which are sustainable for the income capacity of the bank OR d) The bank demonstrating to RBI that its capital position is well above the minimum capital requirements after the Repurchase / Buyback / Redemption. Here, minimum refers to Common Equity Tier 1 of 8% of RWAs (including capital conservation buffer of 2.5% of RWAs) and Total Capital of 11.5% of RWAs including any Additional Capital Requirement identified under Pillar 2.
Exercise of Calls Options in Tax Events and Regulatory Event	Bank may call the instrument due to the occurrence of Tax events or Regulatory event only if permitted by RBI. RBI may permit such type of calls only if it is convinced that the bank was not in a position to anticipate these events at the time of issuance of Perpetual Debt Instruments (PDIs) as per RBI Master circular on Basel-III Capital Regulations July 1, 2013
Repurchase/ Buy-Back / Redemption	The Bank may at any time, subject to the following conditions having been satisfied and such repayment being otherwise permitted by the then prevailing Basel III Guidelines, repay the principal amount of the PDIs by way of repurchasing, buy-back or redemption: (a) with the prior approval of RBI;



	 (b) the Bank has not assumed or created any market expectations that RBI approval for such repurchase/redemption/buy-back shall be given; and (c) the Bank: (i) replaces the PDIs with capital of the same or better quality and the replacement of the PDIs is done at conditions which are sustainable for the income capacity of the Bank; or (ii) demonstrates that its capital position is well above the minimum capital requirements after the repurchase / buy-back / redemption; and (d) any other pre-conditions specified in the Basel III Guidelines at such time have been satisfied. Such PDIs may be held, reissued, resold, extinguished or surrendered at the option of the Bank.
	or surrendered, at the option of the Bank.
Listing	The PDIs shall be listed on the Wholesale Debt Market (WDM) segment of the BSE. The Designated Stock Exchange for this issue shall be BSE.
Depository	NSDL & CDSL
Deemed Date of Allotment	June 14, 2018
Settlement mode	Payment of interest and repayment of principal shall be
	made by way of credit through direct credit / NECS /RTGS/NEFT mechanism.
Seniority	The claims of the Bondholders in the PDIs shall be: i. superior to the claims of investors in equity shares and perpetual non-cumulative preference shares, if any, of the Bank whether currently outstanding or issued at any time in the future. ii. subordinated to the claims of depositors, general creditors and subordinated debt of the Bank other than any subordinated debt qualifying as Additional Tier 1 Capital (as defined in the Basel III Guidelines) of the Bank; iii. neither secured nor covered by a guarantee of the Bank or its related entity or other arrangement that legally or economically enhances the seniority of the claim vis -à-vis creditors of the Bank;
Loss Absorbency	The PDIs are subject to principal loss absorption as described herein and which are required of 'Additional Tier I instruments' at Level of Pre-Specified Trigger and at Point of Non Viability as provided for in <i>Annex</i>



16 of the Basel III Guidelines.

The write-down will have the following effects:

- Reduce the claim of the PDIs(up to nil) in liquidation;
- Reduce the amount re-paid (up to nil) when a call is exercised; and
- Partially or fully reduce Coupon payments on the PDIs.

Loss Absorption at Pre-Specified Trigger Level

If a Pre-Specified Trigger Level(as described below) occurs, the Bank shall: (a) notify the Trustee; (b) cancel any coupon which is accrued and unpaid to as on the write- down date; and (c) without the need for the consent of Bondholders or the Trustee, write down the outstanding principal of the PDIs by such amount as the Issuer may in its absolute discretion decide subject to the amount of write down not exceeding the amount which would be required to bring the Common Equity Tier 1 (CET 1) ratio to 8% of RWAs (minimum CET 1 of 5.5% + capital conservation buffer of 2.5%) and in no case such amount shall be less than the amount required to immediately return the Issuer's CET 1 ratio to above the Pre-Specified Trigger Levelor, if this is not possible, the full principal value of the PDIs (the "CET1 Write Down Amount")

Point of Non-Viability (PONV) Trigger

The PDIs, at the option of the RBI, can be permanently written off upon occurrence of the trigger event, called the Point of Non-Viability Trigger ("PONV Trigger"). If a PONV Trigger (asdescribedbelow)occurs, the Issuer shall: (a) notify the Trustee; (b) cancel any Coupon which is accrued and unpaid on the PDIs as on the write-down date; and (c) without the need for the consent of Bondholders or the Trustee, write down the outstanding principal of the PDIs by such amount as may be prescribed by RBI and subject as is otherwise required by the RBI at the relevant time.

Following writing-off of the PDIs and claims and demands as noted above neither the Bank, nor any other person on the Bank's behalf shall be required to compensate or provide any relief, whether absolutely or contingently, to the Bondholder or any other person claiming for or on behalf of or through such holder and all claims and demands of such persons, whether under



law, contract or equity, shall stand permanently and irrevocably extinguished and terminated.

The write-off of any CET 1 capital shall not be required before the write-off of any of the PDIs and there is no right available to the Bondholder hereof or any other person claiming for or on behalf of or through such holder to demand or seek that any other regulatory capital be subject to prior or simultaneous write-off or that the treatment offered to holders of such other regulatory capital be also offered to the Bondholders.

'PONV Trigger Event' is the earlier of:

- (a) a decision that a permanent write-off without which the Bank would become non-viable, is necessary as determined by the RBI; and
- (b) the decision to make a public sector injection of capital, or equivalent support, without which the Bank would have become non-viable, as determined by the relevant authority.

The PONV Trigger Event will be evaluated both at consolidated and solo level and breach at either level will trigger write-off.

The amount of non-equity capital to be written-off will be determined by RBI.

The order of write-off of the PDIs shall be as specified in the order of Seniority as per this Information Memorandum and any other regulatory norms as may be stipulated by the RBI from time to time.

The PDIs can be written-down multiple times in case the Bank hits the PONV Trigger Level subsequent to the first write-down. The PDIs which have been written down shall not be written up.

The write-off consequent upon the PONV Trigger Event shall occur prior to any public-sector injection of capital so that the capital provided by the public sector is not diluted. The Bondholders shall not have any residual claims on the Bank (including any claims which are senior to ordinary shares of the Bank),



following the PONV Trigger Event and when write-off is undertaken.

For these purposes, the Bank may be considered as non-viable if:

The Bank which, owing to its financial and other difficulties, may no longer remain a going concern on its own in the opinion of the RBI unless appropriate measures are taken to revive its operations and thus, enable it to continue as a going concern. The difficulties faced by the Bank should be such that these are likely to result in financial losses and raising the CET 1 capital of the Bank should be considered as the most appropriate way to prevent the Bank from turning non-viable. Such measures would include write-off of non-equity regulatory capital into common shares in combination with or without other measures as considered appropriate by the RBI.

The Bank facing financial difficulties and approaching a PONV will be deemed to achieve viability if within a reasonable time in the opinion of RBI, it will be able to come out of the present difficulties if appropriate measures are taken to revive it. The measures including augmentation of equity capital through write off of PDIs / public sector injection of funds are likely to:

- (a) Restore depositors'/investors' confidence;
- (b) Improve rating /creditworthiness of the Bank and thereby improve its borrowing capacity and liquidity and reduce cost of funds; and
- (c) Augment the resource base to fund balance sheet growth in the case of fresh injection of funds.

RBI would follow a two- stage approach to determine the non-viability of the Bank. The Stage 1 assessment would consist of purely objective and quantifiable criteria to indicate that there is a prima facie case of the Bank approaching non-viability and, therefore, a closer examination of the Issuer's financial situation is warranted. The Stage 2 assessment would consist of supplementary subjective criteria which, in conjunction with the Stage 1 information, would help in determining whether the Bank is about to become non-viable. These criteria would be evaluated together and not in isolation. Once the PONV is confirmed, the next step would be to



	decide whether rescue of the Bank would be through write-off alone or write-off in conjunction with a public-sector injection of funds.
Cross Default	Not Applicable
Treatment of Basel-III compliant	As per terms and conditions specified in Annex 16 of
PDI instrument of Re-Constitution	RBI master circular on Basel-III Capital Regulations,
/ Amalgamation/ Acquisition /	(Paras 2.9 to 2.15 and para 3.9), dated July 1, 2013
Winding-Up / Liquidation of the bank	



	(Lower Tier II bonds of ₹ 6000million)						
1	Issuer	Jammu & Kashmir Bank Ltd					
2	Unique identifier (e.g. CUSIP, ISIN or Bloomberg identifier for private placement)	INE168A08012					
3	Governing law(s) of the instrument	SEBI Regulations,2008					
	Regulatory treatment						
4	Transitional Basel III rules	Tier 2					
5	Post-transitional Basel III rules	Tier 2					
6	Eligible at solo/group/ group & solo	Solo & Group					
7	Instrument type	Tier 2 Debt Instruments					
8	Amount recognised in regulatory capital (`in million, as of most recent reporting date)	6000 million					
9	Par value of instrument	`1000000 per NCD					
10	Accounting classification	Liability					
11	Original date of issuance	30/12/2009					
12	Perpetual or dated	Dated					
13	Original maturity date	30/12/2019					
14	Issuer call subject to prior supervisory approval	No					
15	Optional call date, contingent call dates and redemption amount	N/A					
16	Subsequent call dates, if applicable	N/A					
	Coupons / dividends						
17	Fixed or floating dividend/coupon	Fixed					
18	Coupon rate and any related index	9% p.a.					
19	Existence of a dividend stopper	No					
20	Fully discretionary, partially discretionary or mandatory	Fully discretionary					
21	Existence of step up or other incentive to redeem	No					
22	Non-cumulative or cumulative	Non-Cumulative					
23	Convertible or non-convertible	Non-Convertible					
24	If convertible, conversion trigger(s)	N/A					
25	If convertible, fully or partially	N/A					
26	If convertible, conversion rate	N/A					



		NIA
27	If convertible, mandatory or optional conversion	N/A
	If convertible, specify instrument type	
28	convertible into	N/A
	If convertible, specify issuer of instrument it	
29	converts into	N/A
23	Converts into	IN/A
30	Write-down feature	No
31	If write-down, write-down trigger(s)	N/A
	·	
32	If write-down, full or partial	N/A
33	If write-down, permanent or temporary	N/A
	If temporary write-down, description of write-up	
	, · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	N1/A
34	mechanism	N/A
	Position in subordination hierarchy in	
	liquidation (specify instrument type immediately	
35	senior to instrument)	N/A
33		14// (
36	Non-compliant transitioned features	No
37	If yes, specify non-compliant features	N/A



	Basel III complaint Tier II bonds of ₹ 5000 million						
1	Issuer	THE JAMMU & KASHMIR BANK LTD					
2	Unique identifier (e.g. CUSIP, ISIN or Bloomberg identifier for private placement)	INE168A08038 Companies Act, 2013; SEBI (Issue					
3	Governing law(s) of the instrument	and Listing of Debt Securities) Regulations, 2008; and RBI's Master Circular on Basel III Capital Regulations					
	Regulatory treatment	regulations					
4	Transitional Basel III rules	Tier 2					
5	Post-transitional Basel III rules	Tier 2					
6		SOLO					
7	Eligible at solo/group/ group & solo	Tier 2 Debt Instruments					
	Instrument type Amount recognised in regulatory capital (`in	Her 2 Dept instruments					
8	million, as of most recent reporting date)	Rs.5000 Million					
9	Par value of instrument	Rs.1000000/- per NCD					
10	Accounting classification	Liability					
11	Original date of issuance	24.03.2017					
12	Perpetual or dated	Dated					
13	Original maturity date	24.06.2022					
14	Issuer call subject to prior supervisory approval	No					
15	Optional call date, contingent call dates and redemption amount	NA					
16	Subsequent call dates, if applicable	NA					
	Coupons / dividends						
17	Fixed or floating dividend/coupon	Fixed					
18	Coupon rate and any related index	9.50% p.a.					
19	Existence of a dividend stopper Fully discretionary, partially discretionary or	Yes					
20	mandatory	Mandatory					
21	Existence of step up or other incentive to redeem	No					
22	Non-cumulative or cumulative	Non-cumulative					
23	Convertible or non-convertible	Non-Convertible					
24	If convertible, conversion trigger(s)	NA					



1 1		1
25	If convertible, fully or partially	NA
26	If convertible, conversion rate	NA
27	If convertible, mandatory or optional conversion	NA
28	If convertible, specify instrument type convertible into	NA
29	If convertible, specify issuer of instrument it converts into	NA
30	Write-down feature	Yes
		PONV Trigger Event as defined in
31	If write-down, write-down trigger(s)	Transaction Documents
32	If write-down, full or partial	Fully or Partially
33	If write-down, permanent or temporary	Permanent
2.4	If temporary write-down, description of write-up	NIA
34	mechanism	NA Tier 2 instruments shall be superior to
35	Position in subordination hierarchy in liquidation (specify instrument type immediately senior to instrument)	the claims of investors in instruments eligible for inclusion in Tier 1 Capital and subordinate to the claims of all depositors and general creditors of the Bank
36	Non-compliant transitioned features	Yes
36	Non-compliant transitioned features	The Bonds shall be subject to loss absorbency features applicable for non-equity capital instruments as per the Master Circular issued by the Reserve Bank of India on Basel III capital regulations covering terms and conditions for issue of debt capital instruments for inclusion as Tier II Capital (Annex 5 of the Master Circular) and minimum requirement to ensure loss absorbency of non-equity regulatory capital instruments at the Point of Non Viability (PONV) (Annex 16 of the Master Circular) read along with the Master Circular. Accordingly, the Bonds may, at the option of the RBI, be permanently written off upon occurrence of the trigger event called the "Point of Non Viability Trigger". PONV trigger event shall be as defined in the RBI Regulations and



	Basel III complaint Tier II bonds of ₹ 5000 million						
1	Issuer	THE JAMMU & KASHMIR BANK LTD					
2	Unique identifier (e.g. CUSIP, ISIN or Bloomberg identifier for private placement)	INE168A08046 Companies Act, 2013; SEBI (Issue					
3	Governing law(s) of the instrument	and Listing of Debt Securities) Regulations, 2008; and RBI's Master Circular on Basel III Capital Regulations					
3	Regulatory treatment	Negulations					
4		Tion 2					
4	Transitional Basel III rules	Tier 2					
5	Post-transitional Basel III rules	Tier 2					
6	Eligible at solo/group/ group & solo	SOLO					
7	Instrument type	Tier 2 Debt Instruments					
8	Amount recognised in regulatory capital (`in million, as of most recent reporting date)	Rs.5000 Million					
9	Par value of instrument	Rs.1000000/- per NCD					
10	Accounting classification	Liability					
11	Original date of issuance	28.12.2017					
12	Perpetual or dated	Dated					
13	Original maturity date	27.12.2024					
14	Issuer call subject to prior supervisory approval	No					
15	Optional call date, contingent call dates and redemption amount	NA					
16	Subsequent call dates, if applicable	NA					
	Coupons / dividends						
17	Fixed or floating dividend/coupon	Fixed					
18	Coupon rate and any related index	9.25% p.a.					
19	Existence of a dividend stopper Fully discretionary, partially discretionary or	Yes					
20	mandatory	Mandatory					
21	Existence of step up or other incentive to redeem	No					
22	Non-cumulative or cumulative	Non-cumulative					
23	Convertible or non-convertible	Non-Convertible					
24	If convertible, conversion trigger(s)	NA					



25	If convertible, fully or partially	NA
26	If convertible, conversion rate	NA
27	If convertible, mandatory or optional conversion	NA
	If convertible, specify instrument type convertible	NA
28	into If convertible, specify issuer of instrument it	NA
29	converts into	INA
30	Write-down feature	Yes
		PONV Trigger Event as defined in
31	If write-down, write-down trigger(s)	Transaction Documents
32	If write-down, full or partial	Fully or Partially
33	If write-down, permanent or temporary	Permanent
34	If temporary write-down, description of write-up mechanism	NA
	Position in subordination hierarchy in liquidation (specify instrument type immediately senior to	Tier 2 instruments shall be superior to the claims of investors in instruments eligible for inclusion in Tier 1 Capital and subordinate to the claims of all depositors and general creditors of
35	instrument)	the Bank
36	Non-compliant transitioned features	Yes The Bonds shall be subject to loss
		absorbency features applicable for non-equity capital instruments as per the Master Circular issued by the Reserve Bank of India on Basel III capital regulations covering terms and conditions for issue of debt capital instruments for inclusion as Tier II Capital (Annex 5 of the Master Circular) and minimum requirement to ensure loss absorbency of non-equity regulatory capital instruments at the Point of Non Viability (PONV) (Annex 16 of the Master Circular) read along with the Master Circular. Accordingly, the Bonds may, at the option of the RBI, be permanently written off upon occurrence of the trigger event called the "Point of Non Viability Trigger". PONV trigger event shall be as defined in the RBI Regulations and
37	If yes, specify non-compliant features	shall be determined by the RBI.



LEVERAGE RATIO

Leverage ratio is a non-risk based measure of exposure over capital. The leverage ratio is calibrated to act as a credible supplementary measure to the risk based capital requirements. The Basel III leverage ratio is defined as the ratio of capital measure (the numerator) to exposure measure (the denominator), expressed as a percentage.

The capital measure used for the leverage ratio at any particular point in time is the Tier 1 capital measure applying at that time under the risk-based framework. Total exposure measure is the sum of the on-balance sheet exposures, derivative exposures, securities financing transaction (SFT) exposures and off- balance sheet (OBS) items.

Leverage ratio = <u>Capital Measure (Tier 1 Capital)</u> Exposure Measure

As on 31.03.2019 Amount in ₹ million

01:00:2010	7 ariodite iii C iriiiiori
Tier 1 Capital	72137.25
Exposure Measure	1064629.34
Leverage Ratio	6.78



Annexure-A

Amount in ₹ million

Industry wise exposure as on 31.03.2019											
Industry Name	Total Funded Exposure	Total Non Fund Exposure	Total Investment Exposure	Total Exposure							
A. Mining and Quarrying	578.39	138.51	8.8	725.703							
B. Food Processing	3,597.17	5,345.28	200	9142.447							
C. Beverages (excluding Tea & Coffee) and Tobacco	1,220.23	205.67	0	1425.898							
D. Textiles	11,311.73	5,585.01	61.9	16958.646							
E. Leather and Leather products	1,119.10	718.39	0	1837.482							
F. Wood and Wood Products	910.23	178.31	0	1088.534							
G. Paper and Paper Products	987.43	217.63	0	1205.064							
H. Petroleum (non-infra), Coal Products (non-mining) and Nuclear Fuels	5,875.85	3,860.31	1016.1	10752.258							
I. Chemicals and Chemical Products (Dyes, Paints, etc.)	14,593.04	2,495.03	415	17503.074							
J. Rubber, Plastic and their Products	4,650.87	1,710.75	0	6361.627							
K. Glass & Glassware	106.38	13.92	0	120.297							
L. Cement and Cement Products	7,187.82	1,906.26	0	9094.076							
M. Basic Metal and Metal Products	27,822.56	7,233.09	136.5	35192.143							
N. All Engineering	5,160.35	872.88	105.2	6138.427							
O. Vehicles, Vehicle Parts and Transport Equipments	76.11	6.63	0	82.746							
P. Gems and Jewellery	6,812.46	187.16	0	6999.62							
Q. Construction	0.00	0.00	0	0							
R. Infrastructure	75,970.15	8,786.18	9317.9	94074.226							
S. Other Industries, pl. specify	1,948.70	1,548.85	1675.7	5173.25							
All Industries (A to S)	169928.57	41009.85	12937.1	223875.52							



Annexure-B

Amount in ₹ millions

Inflows		Day - 1	2-7 Days	8-14 Days	15-30 Days		More than 2 months and upto 3 months	Over 3 Months and upto 6 months	Over 6 Months and upto 1 year	Over 1 Year and upto 3 years	Over 3 Year and upto 5 years	Over 5 years and upto 7 years	Over 7 years and up to 10 years	Over 10 year and up to 15 years	Over 15	Over 5 Years	Total	
1	Cash		4547.39	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	4547.39
2	Balanc	es with RBI	8811.49	0.00	0.00	1875.71	336.21	499.01	1500.57	3415.21	13480.36	9290.08	3217.02	0.00	0.00	1776.62	4993.64	44202.29
3	Balanc	es with other	870.05	199.02	0.00	700.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1769.07
	(i)	Current	870.05	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	870.05
		Money at Call and Short Notice, Term	0.00	199.02	0.00		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00					899.02
4		ments (including	26801.50	997.58		1490.46	2943.35		8096.96		13791.95		49872.05				100303.05	230557.31
5		ces Performing	5360.44	17366.55		4809.98		16774.82			252454.26	122499.38			13670.84		100473.59	630318.96
	` '	Bills Purchased	53.37	180.38	253.80	375.87	4652.26	79.61	99.02	4486.86	0.14	0.14	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	10181.45
	` '	Cash Credits, Overdrafts and	2289.06	13734.33	16023.39	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	181598.38	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	213645.15
	(iii)	Term Loans	3018.01	3451.84	4013.44	4434.12	6042.17	16695.20	20194.18	54814.83	70855.74	122499.24	56072.03	30338.85	13670.84	391.86	100473.59	406492.35
6	NPAs (Advances and	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	13553.59	19890.23	0.00	0.00	0.00	19890.23	33443.83
7	Fixed A	Assets	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	16746.95	16746.95	16746.95
8	Other	Assets	51.68	310.07	361.75	0.00	176.70	0.00	2517.73	3190.80	8533.40	3844.10	10982.80	0.00	0.00	0.00	10982.80	29969.03
	(i)	Leased Assets	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
		Others(RIDF/N ABARD/SIDBI/R	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	176.70	0.00	2517.73	3190.80	8533.40	3844.10	10982.80	0.00	0.00	0.00	10982.80	29245.53
		Inter-Office	51.68	310.07	361.75	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00		0.00	723.50
9		se Repos	0.00	8100.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00					8100.00
10		(Sell / Buy)	0.00	0.00		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00				0.00	0.00
11		ediscounted	0.00	0.00		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00				0.00	0.00
12			10.80	0.16	0.13	19.56	26.66	73.66	89.10	241.84	312.61	498.09	247.39		60.32	1.73	443.29	1715.90
13			0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
14			0.00	0.00		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
15	<u> </u>		4.21	25.23	29.43	67.28	1616.11	126.15	386.85	4137.36	13812.92	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	12692.14	12692.14	32897.67
			4.21	25.23	29.43	67.28	1616.11	126.15	386.85	4137.36	13812.92	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	12692.14	12692.14	32897.67
16	C.	Total Inflows	46457.56	26998.60	20681.93	8963.00	15793.45	31534.37	32884.40	81898.97	302385.50	200144.90	140281.53	80246.96	13731.15	32266.05	266525.70	1034268.39